Multi-Range DC Power Supply

PSW Series

USER MANUAL



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER



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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the PSW or to other properties.
<u>/</u> }	DANGER High Voltage
Ì	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
\rightarrow	Earth (ground) Terminal



Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

-	
General Guideline	Do not place any heavy object on the PSW.Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the PSW.
	• Do not discharge static electricity to the PSW.
	• Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
	• Do not block the cooling fan opening.
	 Do not disassemble the PSW unless you are qualified.
	(Measurement categories) EN 61010-1:2010 and EN 61010-2-030 specify the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The PSW falls under category II.
	• Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation.
	• Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation.
	• Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.
	• 0 is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to Mains.
Power Supply	• AC Input voltage range: 85VAC~265VAC
	• Frequency: 47Hz~63Hz
∠!_ WARNING	• To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.
	<u> </u>

Cleaning the PSW	• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning.		
	 Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid. 		
	• Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.		
Operation Environment	• Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below)		
	• Relative Humidity: 20%~ 85%		
	• Altitude: < 2000m		
	• Temperature: 0°C to 50°C		
	(Pollution Degree) EN 61010-1:2010 and EN 61010-2-030 specify the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The PSW falls under degree 2.		
	Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity".		
	 Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence. 		
	 Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected. 		
	 Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non- conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled. 		
Storage	Location: Indoor		
environment	• Temperature: -25°C to 70°C		
	• Relative Humidity: <90%, no condensation		
Disposal	Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.		

Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using the power supply in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead/a	appliance must on	ly be wired by competent persons
WARNING: T	HIS APPLIANCE I	MUST BE EARTHED
IMPORTANT: The	wires in this lead	are coloured in accordance with the
following code:		
Green/ Yellow:	Earth	OE
Blue:	Neutral	
Brown:	Live (Phase)	
As the colours o	f the wires in m	ain leads may not correspond wit
the coloured ma	rking identified	in your plug/appliance, proceed

th ed marking identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with either the letter E, the earth symbol ⊕ or coloured Green/Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, a cable of 0.75mm² should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any exposed wiring from a cable, plug or connection that is engaged in a live socket is extremely hazardous. If a cable or plug is deemed hazardous, turn off the mains power and remove the cable, any fuses and fuse assemblies. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the power supply in a nutshell, including its main features and front / rear panel introduction. After going through the overview, please read the theory of operation to become familiar with the operating modes, protection modes and other safety considerations.



PSW Series Overview	
Series lineup	
Main Features	
Accessories	
PSW 30/80/160 Accessories	
PSW 250/800 Accessories	
Appearance	
PSW Front Panel	
Rear Panel	

PSW Series Overview

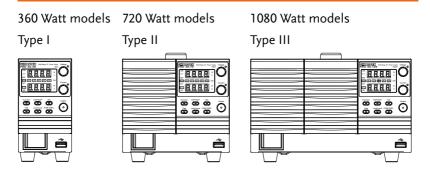
Series lineup

The PSW series consists of 15 models, divided into 3 different model types covering 3 power capacities: Type I (360 Watt), Type II (720 Watt) and Type III (1080 Watt).

Note	Throughout the user manual, PSW 30, PSW 80, PSW 160, PSW 250 or PSW 800 will refer to any of the PSW models with a maximum voltage rating of 30V, 80V, 160V, 250V or 800V, respectively.			
Model name	Туре	Voltage Rating	Current Rating	Power
PSW 30-36	Type I	0~30V	0~36A	360W
PSW 80-13.5	Type I	0~80V	0~13.5A	360W
PSW 160-7.2	Type I	0~160V	0~7.2A	360W
PSW 250-4.5	Type I	0~250V	0~4.5A	360W
PSW 800-1.44	Type I	0~800V	0~1.44A	360W
PSW 30-72	Type II	0~30V	0~72A	720W
PSW 80-27	Type II	0~80V	0~27A	720W
PSW 160-14.4	Type II	0~160V	0~14.4A	720W
PSW 250-9	Type II	0~250V	0~9A	720W
PSW 800-2.88	Type II	0~800V	0~2.88A	720W
PSW 30-108	Type III	0~30V	0~108A	1080W
PSW 80-40.5	Type III	0~80V	0~40.5A	1080W
PSW 160-21.6	Type III	0~160V	0~21.6A	1080W
PSW 250-13.5	Type III	0~250V	0~13.5A	1080W
PSW 800-4.32	Type III	0~800V	0~4.32A	1080W

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Apart from the differences in output, each unit differs in size. The 720 and 1080 watt models are larger than the 360 watt models to accommodate the increase in power.



Main Features

Performance	High performance/power	
	Power efficient switching type power supply	
	Low impact on load devices	
	Fast transient recovery time of 1ms	
	Fast output response time	
Features	• OVP, OCP and OTP protection	
	Adjustable voltage and current slew rates	
	 User adjustable bleeder control to quickly dissipate the power after shutdown to safe levels. 	
	 Extensive remote monitoring and control options 	
	 Support for serial* and parallel connections. *(30, 80, 160 volt models only) 	
	• Power on configuration settings.	
	Supports test scripts	
	Web server monitoring and control	

Interface

- Ethernet port
 - Analog connector for analog voltage and current monitoring
 - USB host and device port

Accessories

Please check the contents before using the PSW.

PSW 30/80/160 Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	CD-ROM	User manual, programming manual
	4323-30600101	Power cord (Type I/II)
	4320-91001101	Power cord (Type III)
	PSW-009	Output terminal cover
	GTL-123	Test leads: 1x red, 1x black
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PSW-004	Basic Accessory Kit:
		M4 terminal screws and washers x2, M8 terminal bolts, nuts and washers x2, Air filter x1, Analog control protection dummy x1, Analog control lock level x1
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	GET-001	Extended terminal
	PSW-001	Accessory Kit:
		Pin contact x10, Socket x1, Protection cover x1

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	PSW-002	Simple IDC Tool
	PSW-003	Contact Removal Tool
	PSW-005	Series operation cable for 2 units.
	PSW-006	Parallel operation cable for 2 units.
	PSW-007	Parallel operation cable for 3 units.
	GRA-410-J	Rack mount adapter (JIS)
	GRA-410-E	Rack mount adapter (EIA)
	GUG-001	GPIB to USB adapter
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PSW-010	Large filter (Type II/III)
	GUR-001	RS-232 to USB adapter
Download	Name	Description
	psw_cdc.inf	USB driver

PSW 250/800 Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	CD-ROM	User manual, programming manual
	4323-30600101	Power cord (Type I/II)
	4320-91001101	Power cord (Type III)
	PSW-011	High voltage output terminal cover
	GTL-240	USB Cable

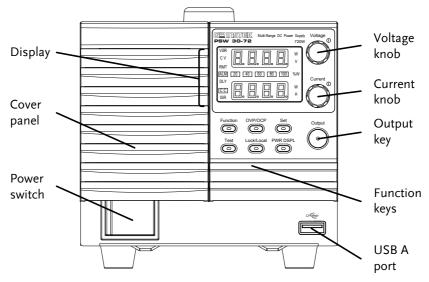
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	PSW-012	High voltage output terminal
	PSW-008	Basic Accessory Kit:
		(Air filter x1, Analog control protection dummy x1, Analog control lock level x1
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	GET-002	Extended terminal
	PSW-001	Accessory Kit:
		Pin contact x10, Socket x1, Protection cover x1
	PSW-002	Simple IDC Tool
	PSW-003	Contact Removal Tool
	PSW-006	Parallel operation cable for 2 units.
	PSW-007	Parallel operation cable for 3 units.
	GRA-410-J	Rack mount adapter (JIS)
	GRA-410-E	Rack mount adapter (EIA)
	GTL-130	Test leads: 2x red, 2x black
	GUG-001	GPIB to USB adapter
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PSW-010	Large filter (Type II/III)
	GUR-001	RS-232 to USB adapter
Download	Name	Description
	psw_cdc.inf	USB driver

Appearance

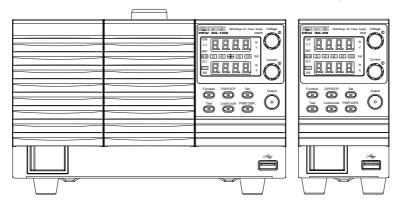
PSW Front Panel

720W: PSW 30-72, 80-27, 160-14.4, 250-9, 800-2.88



1080W: PSW 30-108, 80-40.5, 160-21.6, 250-13.5, 800-4.32

360W: PSW 30-36, 80-13.5, 160-7.2, 250-4.5, 800-1.44



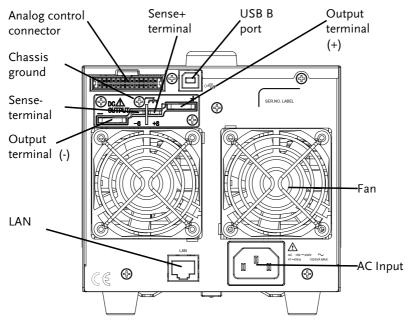
Function Keys	The Function keys along with the Output key will light up when a key is active.		
	Function	The Function key is used to configure the power supply.	
	OVP/OCP	Set the over current or over voltage protection levels.	
	Set	Sets the current and voltage limits.	
	Test	Used to run customized scripts for testing.	
	Lock/Local	Locks or unlocks the panel keys to prevent accidentally changing panel settings.	
	PWR DSPL	Toggles the display from viewing $V/A \rightarrow V/W$ or A/W^* . *Press the Voltage knob for V/W, press the Current knob for A/W.	
Display Indicators	VSR CV RMT ALM DLY GC ISR	Voltage Slew Rate Constant Voltage Mode Remote Control Mode Alarm on Delay Output Constant Current Mode Current Slew Rate	

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	20 40 60 80 100 %W	Power bar Indicates the current power output as a percentage.
Voltage Knob	Voltage ()	Sets the voltage.
Current Knob	Current	Sets the current.
Output	Output	Press to turn on the output. The Output key will light up when the output is active.
USB		USB A port for data transfer, loading test scripts etc.
Power Switch	0 1	Used to turn the power on/off.

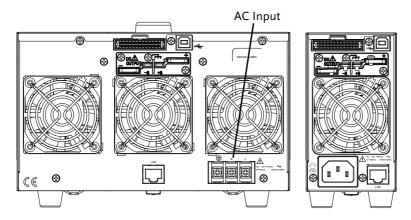
Rear Panel

720W: PSW 30-72, 80-27, 160-14.4

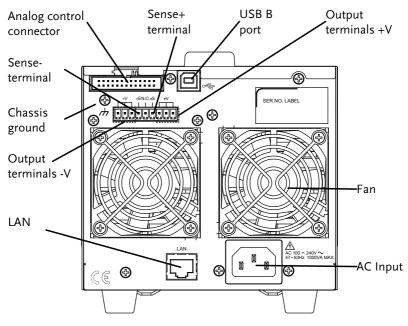


1080W: PSW 30-108, 80-40.5, 160-21.6

360W: PSW 30-36, 80-13.5, 160-7.2

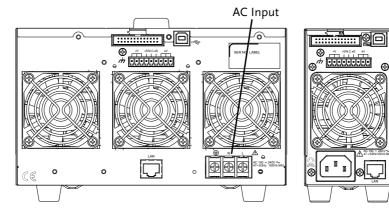


720W: PSW 250-9, 800-2.88



1080W: PSW 250-13.5, 800-4.32

360W: PSW 250-4.5, 800-1.44



Analog Control Connector

Standard 26 pin MIL connector (OMRON XG4 IDC plug).

> The analog control connector is used to monitor current and voltage output, machine status (OVP, OCP, OTP etc.), and for analog control of the current and voltage output.

Use an OMRON XG5 IDC socket as the mating socket.

Output Terminals (30, 80, 160 volt models)



Positive (+) and negative (-) output terminals.



Sense (-S) and Sense (+S) terminals.

(250, 800 volt models)

Output Terminals The 250 and 800 volt models use a 9 pin connector and a plug for the output and sense terminal connections. The plug is a MC420-38109Z plug by DECA SwitchLab Inc. This plug is also available separately (GW part number PSW-012).



Positive (V+) and negative (V-) output terminals (3 of each).



Sense (-S) and Sense (+S) terminals.

USB B port	•~	The USB B port is used for remote control.
Fans		Temperature controlled fans
Ethernet Port		The ethernet port is used for remote control and digital monitoring from a PC.
Line Voltage Input (Type I/TypeII)		Type I: PSW 30-36/80-13.5/ 160-7.2/250-4.5, 800-1.44 Type II: PSW 30-72/80-27/ 160-14.4/250-9, 800-2.88 • Voltage Input: 100~240 VAC • Line frequency: 50Hz/60 Hz (Automatically switchable)
Line Voltage Input (Type III)		Type III: PSW 30-108/80-40.5/160-21.6/ 250-13.5/800-4.32 • Voltage Input: 100~240 VAC • Line frequency: 50Hz/60 Hz (Automatically switchable)

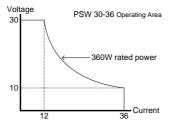
Theory of Operation

The theory of operation chapter describes the basic principles of operation, protection modes and important considerations that must be taken into account before use.

Operating Area Description

Background The PSW power supplies are regulated DC power supplies with a high voltage and current output. These operate in CC or CV mode within a wide operating range limited only by the output power.

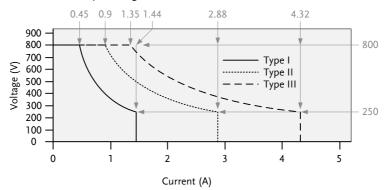
> The operating area of each power supply is determined by the rated output power as well as the voltage and current rating. For example the operating area and rated power output for the PSW 30-36 is shown below.

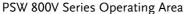


When the power supply is configured so that the total output (current x voltage output) is less than the rated power output, the power supply functions as a typical constant current, constant voltage power supply.

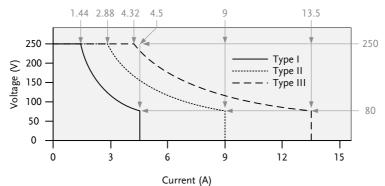
If however, the power supply is configured such that the total output (current x voltage output) exceeds the rated power output, the effective output is actually limited to the power limit of the unit. In this case the output current and voltage then depend purely on the load value.

Below is a comparison of the operating areas of each power supply.

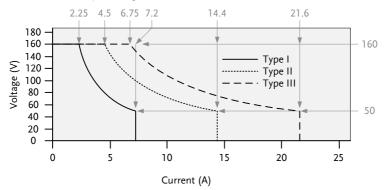


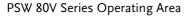


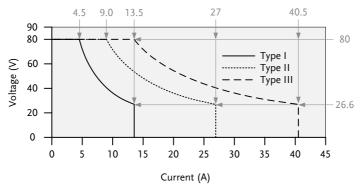




PSW 160V Series Operating Area

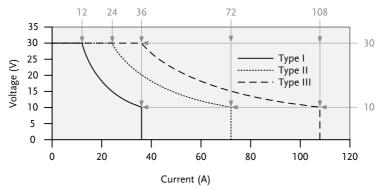






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PSW 30V Series Operating Area

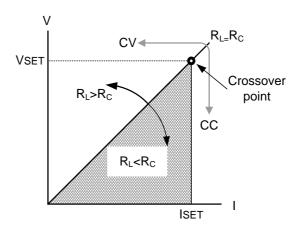


CC and CV Mode

CC and CV mode Description	When the power supply is operating in constant current mode (CC) a constant current will be supplied to the load. When in constant current mode the voltage output can vary, whilst the current remains constant. When the load resistance increases to the point where the current limit (ISET) can no longer be sustained the power supply switches to CV mode. The point where the power supply switches modes is the crossover point.
	When the power supply is operating in CV mode, a constant voltage will be supplied to the load, whilst the current will vary as the load varies. At the point that the load resistance is too low to maintain a constant voltage, the power supply will switch to CC mode and maintain the set current limit. The conditions that determine whether the power supply operates in CC or CV mode depends on the set current (I _{SET}), the set voltage

 (V_{SET}) , the load resistance (R_L) and the critical resistance (R_C) . The critical resistance is determined by V_{SET}/I_{SET} . The power supply will operate in CV mode when the load resistance is greater than the critical resistance. This means that the voltage output will be equal to the V_{SET} voltage but the current will be less than I_{SET} . If the load resistance is reduced to the point that the current output reaches the I_{SET} level, the power supply switches to CC mode.

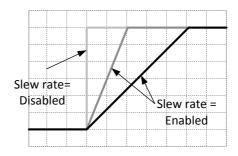
Conversely the power supply will operate in CC mode when the load resistance is less than the critical resistance. In CC mode the current output is equal to I_{SET} and the voltage output is less than V_{SET} .



Slew Rate

Theory

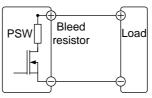
The PSW has selectable slew rates for CC and CV mode. This gives the PSW power supply the ability to limit the current/voltage draw of the power supply. Slew rate settings are divided into High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority mode disables slew rate settings for CC or CV mode. Slew Rate Priority mode allows for user adjustable slew rates for CC or CV mode. The rising and falling slew rate can be set independently.



Bleeder Control

Background

The PSW DC power supplies employ a bleed resistor in parallel with the output terminals.



Bleed resistors are designed to dissipate the power from the power supply filter capacitors

	when power is turned off and the load is disconnected. Without a bleed resistor, power may remain charged on the filter capacitors for some time and be potentially hazardous.		
	In addition, bleed resistors also allow for smoother voltage regulation of the power supply as the bleed resistor acts as a minimum voltage load.		
	The bleed resistance can be turned on or off using the configuration settings.		
Note	By default the bleed resistance is on. For battery charging applications, be sure to turn the bleed resistance off as the bleed resistor can discharge the connected battery when the unit is off.		

Internal Resistance

Background	On the PSW, the internal resistance of the power supply can be user-defined in software. (Internal Resistance Setting, page 108). When the internal resistance is set it can be seen as a resistance in series with the positive output terminal. This allows the power supply to simulate power sources that have internal resistances such as lead acid batteries.		
Internal	Unit Model	Internal Resistance Range	
Resistance Range	PSW 30-36	0.000 ~ 0.833Ω	
-	PSW 30-72	0.000 ~ 0.417 Ω	
	PSW 30-108	0.000 ~ 0.278 Ω	
	PSW 80-13.5	0.000 ~ 5.926 Ω	
	PSW 80-27	0.000 ~ 2.963 Ω	
	PSW 80-40.5	0.000 ~ 1.975Ω	
	PSW 160-7.2	0.000 ~ 22.222 Ω	
	PSW 160-14.4	0.000 ~ 11.111Ω	
	PSW 160-21.6	0.000 ~ 7.407 Ω	

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PSW 250-4.5	0.00 ~ 55.55Ω
PSW 250-9	0.00 ~ 27.77 Ω
PSW 250-13.5	0.00 ~ 18.51 Ω
PSW 800-1.44	0.0 ~ 555.5 Ω
PSW 800-2.88	0.0 ~ 277.8 Ω
PSW 800-4.32	0.0 ~ 185.1 Ω

Alarms

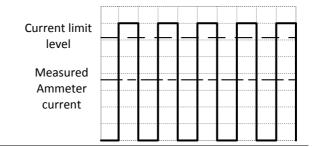
The PSW power supplies have a number of protection features. When one of the protection alarms are set, the ALM icon on the display will be lit. For details on how to set the protection modes, please see page 57.

OVP	Overvoltage protection (OVP) prevents a high voltage from damaging the load.
OCP	Overcurrent protection prevents high current from damaging the load.
ОТР	Over temperature protection protects the instrument from overheating.
Power Switch Trip	When the Power Switch Trip configuration setting is enabled, the power supply will automatically shut down when a protection setting has been tripped (OCP, OVP, OTP).
Alarm output	Alarms are output via the analog control connector. The alarm output is an isolated open-collector photo coupler output.

Considerations

The following situations should be taken into consideration when using the power supply.

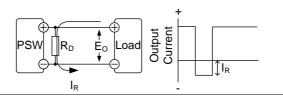
Inrush current	When the power supply switch is first turned on, an inrush current is generated. Ensure there is enough power available for the power supply when first turned on, especially if a number of units are turned on at the same time.
Caution	Cycling the power on and off quickly can cause the inrush current limiting circuit to fail as well as reduce the working life of the input fuse and power switch.
Pulsed or Peaked loads	When the load has current peaks or is pulsed, it is possible for the maximum current to exceed the mean current value. The PSW power supply ammeter only indicates mean current values, which means for pulsed current loads, the actual current can exceed the indicated value. For pulsed loads, the current limit must be increased, or a power supply with a greater capacity must be chosen. As shown below, a pulsed load may exceed the current limit and the indicated current on the power supply ammeter.



Reverse Current: Regenerative load When the power supply is connected to a regenerative load such as a transformer or inverter, reverse current will feed back to the power supply. The PSW power supply cannot absorb reverse current. For loads that create reverse current, connect a resistor in parallel (dummy load) to the power supply to bypass the reverse current.

To calculate the resistance for the dummy resistor, R_D , first determine the maximum reverse current, I_R , and determine what the output voltage, E_O , will be.

 $R_D(\Omega) \le E_O(V) \div I_R(A)$

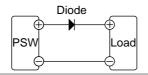




The current output will decrease by the amount of current absorbed by the dummy resistor.

Ensure the resistor used can withstand the power capacity of the power supply/load.

Reverse Current: Accumulative energy. When the power supply is connected to a load such as a battery, reverse current may flow back to the power supply. To prevent damage to the power supply, use a reverse-currentprotection diode in series between the power supply and load.





Ensure the reverse withstand voltage of the diode is able to withstand 2 times the rated output voltage of the power supply and the forward current capacity can withstand 3 to 10 times the rated output current of the power supply.

Ensure the diode is able to withstand the heat generated in the following scenarios.

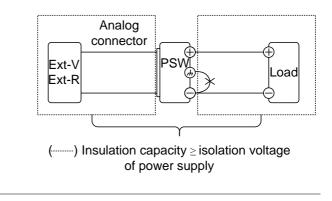
When the diode is used to limit reverse voltage, remote sensing cannot be used.

Grounding

The output terminals of the PSW power supplies are isolated with respect to the protective grounding terminal. The insulation capacity of the load, the load cables and other connected devices must be taken into consideration when connected to the protective ground or when floating.

Floating

As the output terminals are floating, the load and all load cables must have an insulation capacity that is greater than the isolation voltage of the power supply.

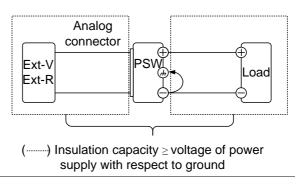




If the insulation capacity of the load and load cables is not greater than the isolation voltage of the power supply, electric shock may occur.

Grounded output terminal

If the positive or negative terminal is connected to the protective ground terminal, the insulation capacity needed for the load and load cables is greatly reduced. The insulation capacity only needs to be greater than the maximum output voltage of the power supply with respect to ground.





If using external voltage control, do not ground the external voltage terminal as this will create a short circuit.

OPERATION

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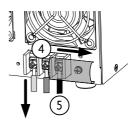
Set Up

Line Voltage Connection – Type III Models

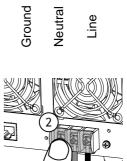
Background		The Type III (PSW 30-108/8 21.6/250-13.5/800-4.32) mo power input that can be use VAC systems. To connect o cord (GW Instek part numb use the procedure below:	dels use a universal ed with 100 and 200 r replace the power
Warning		The following procedure show by competent persons.	uld only be attempted
		Ensure the AC power cord is power.	not connected to
Removal	1.	Turn off the power switch.	
	2.	Unscrew the power cord protective sheath.	
	3.	Remove the 2 screws holding the power cord cover and remove.	2

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- 4. Slide the cover off the AC terminals.
- 5. Remove the AC power cord wires.



- Installation 1. Connect the AC power cord wires to the AC input terminals.
 - White/Blue \rightarrow Neutral (N)
 - Green/Greenyellow→GND (⊕)
 - Black/Brown → Line
 (L)
 - 2. Set the cover back over the AC terminals.



- 3. Re-install the power cord cover.
- 4. Screw the power cord sheath back onto the cover.



Filter Installation

Background		The PSW has a small filter (GW Instek part number, 57RG-30B00101) that must first be inserted under the control panel before operation. The small filter must be inserted for all model types (Type I/II/III).
Stens	1	Insert the small filter

Steps 1. Insert the small filter in the open area under the control panel.



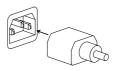
Type II shown as an example

2. The unit is now ready to power up.

Power Up

Steps

1.	Type I or II: Connect the
	power cord to the rear
	panel socket.



Type III: Connect the power cord to the universal power input.

Page 37

2. Press the POWER key. If used for the first time, the default settings will appear on the display, otherwise The PSW recovers the state right before the power was last turned OFF.

For default configuration settings, see page 161.





The power supply takes around 8 seconds to fully turn on and shutdown.

Do not turn the power on and off quickly. Please wait for the display to fully turn off.

Wire Gauge Considerations

Background	Before connecting the output terminals to a load, the wire gauge of the cables should be considered.		
	load cables is must equal c	that the current s adequate. The pr exceed the ma of the instrument	rating of the cables ximum current
N			
Recommended wire gauge	Wire Gauge	Nominal Cross Section	Maximum Current
	20	0.5	9
	18	0.75	11
	18	1	13
	16	1.5	18
	14	2.5	24
	12	4	34
	10	6	45
	8	10	64
	6	16	88
	4	25	120
	2	32	145
	1	50	190
	0	70	240
	0	95	290
	0	120	340
	The maximur	n temperature ris	e can only be 60

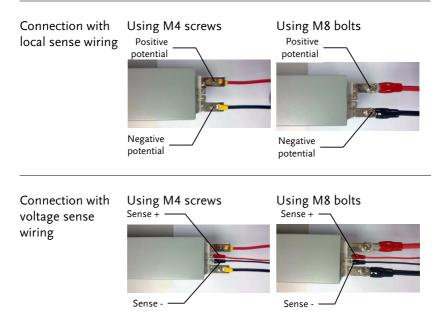
The maximum temperature rise can only be 60 degrees above the ambient temperature. The ambient temperature must be less than 30 deg.

Output Terminals PSW-30/80/160

Background		Before connecting the output terminals to the load, first consider whether voltage sense will be used, the gauge of the cable wiring and the withstand voltage of the cables and load.	
		The output terminals can be connec cables using M4 sized screws or M8	
WARNING		Dangerous voltages. Ensure that the p instrument is disabled before handlin supply output terminals. Failing to do to electric shock.	g the power
Steps	1.	Turn the power switch off.	
	2.	Remove the output terminal cover.	Page 44
	3.	If necessary, screw the chassis ground terminal to either the positive or negative terminal. See the grounding chapter for details.	Page 33
		Ground Free Sense joining plates	

4. Choose a suitable wire gauge for Page 41 the load cables.

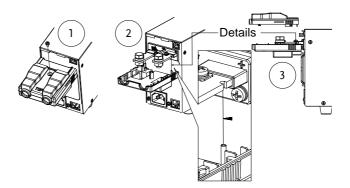
- 5. Choose a suitable crimp for the terminals.
- 6. If using voltage sense, remove the Page 68 sense terminal joining plates and connect sensing wires to the load(s).
- 7. Connect the positive load cable to the positive output terminal and the negative cable to the negative output terminal.
- 8. Reattach the output terminal Page 44 cover.



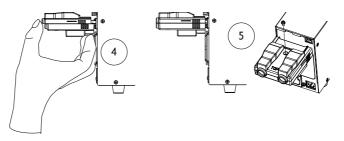
Using the Output Terminal Cover PSW-30/80/160

Steps 1. Remove the screw holding the top cover to the bottom cover.

- 2. Line-up the bottom cover with the notches in the output terminals.
- 3. Place the top terminal cover over the bottom cover.



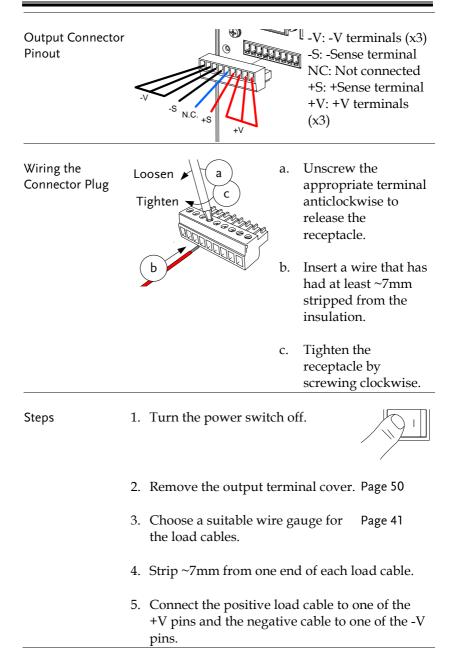
- 4. Use your thumb to slide the terminal covers shut, as shown in the diagram below.
- 5. When the top and bottom covers are flush, reinsert the screw that was removed in step 1.



Removal Reverse the procedure to remove the terminal covers.

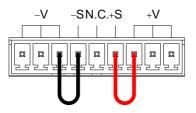
Output Terminals PSW-250/800

Background	The high voltage models (PSW 250 and PSW 800 models) use a 9 pin socket for the output voltage and sense connections. The corresponding plugs (GW part number PSW-012 //DECA SwitchLab MC420-38109Z) should be used to connect the terminals to the appropriate cable.	
	Before connecting the o load, first consider whe be used, the gauge of th withstand voltage of th	ther voltage sense will the cable wiring and the
WARNING	Dangerous voltages. Ens instrument is disabled be supply output terminals. to electric shock.	
	Please note the wire gaug of the plug/socket. It may load to a number of term capacity over a number o	y be necessary to wire the inals to offset the
Output Connector Overview	When using the output the wires that are used a guidelines:	
	Wire gauge: Strip length Current rating Insulation resistance Insulation withstand voltage Operation Temperature	AWG 26 to AWG 16 6.5mm // 0.26 in. 10A AC 2000V min >2000MΩ DC500V -40°C to +105°C

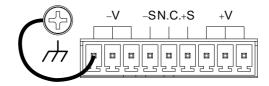


WARNING	Please note the wire gauge used and the capacity of the plug/socket. It may be necessary to wire the load to a number of terminals to offset the capacity over a number of terminals.
	cupuelty over a number of terminals.

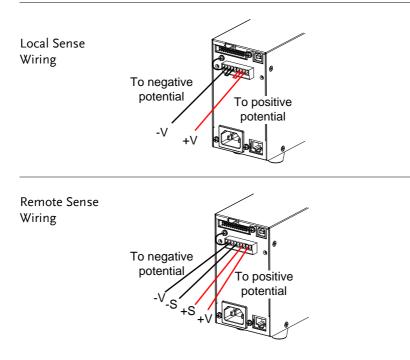
6. If using local sense, connect the -S pin to a -V pin, and connect the +S pin to a +V pin.



- If not using local sense, see the remote sense section to wire the sense terminals for remote sensing.
- If necessary, connect the chassis Page 33 ground terminal to either the -V or +V pin. See the grounding chapter for details.

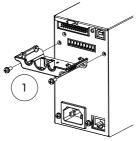


9. Reattach the output terminal Page 50 cover.

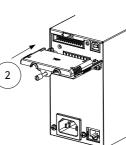


Using the Output Terminal Cover PSW-250/800

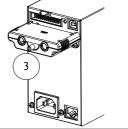
Steps 1. Screw the bottom cover onto the rear panel using the two M4 screws.



2. Slide the top cover over the bottom cover.



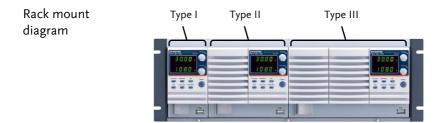
3. Finally, secure the top cover with the screw in the center of the top cover.



Removal Reverse the procedure to remove the terminal covers.

Using the Rack Mount Kit

Background The PSW series has an optional Rack Mount Kit (GW Instek part number: [JIS] GRA-410-J, [EIA] GRA-410-E[EIA]) that can be used to hold 6x PSW Type I models, 3x Type II models, 2x Type III models or a combination of all models (1x Type I, 1x Type II and 1x Type III).



How to Use the Instrument

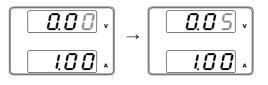
Background	The PSW power supplies use a novel method of configuring parameter values only using the Voltage or Current knobs. The knobs are used to quickly edit parameter values at 0.01, 0.1 or 1 unit steps at a time.
	When the user manual says to set a value or parameter, use the steps below.
Example	Use the Voltage knob to set a voltage of 10.05 volts.

 Repeatedly press the Voltage knob until the last digit is highlighted. This will allow the voltage to be edited in 0.01 volt steps.

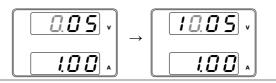


2. Turn the Voltage knob till 0.05 volts is shown.





- 3. Repeatedly press the Voltage knob until the first digit is highlighted. This will allow the voltage to be edited in 1 volt steps.
- 4. Turn the Voltage knob until 10.05 is shown.





Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage.

If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.

Reset to Factory Default Settings

Background		The F-88 configuration setting allow to be reset back to the factory defau See page 161 for the default factory	ılt settings.
Steps	1.	Press the Function key. The Function key will light up.	Function
	2.	The display should show F- 01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.	- 0 I 0.00
	3.	Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-88 (Factory Set Value).	Voltage (1)
	4.	Use the Current knob to set the F-88 setting to 1 (Return to factory settings).	Current
	5.	Press the Voltage knob to confirm. ConF will be displayed when successful.	Voltage
		F - 88 [onF]	
	6.	Press the Function key again to exit. The function key light will	Function

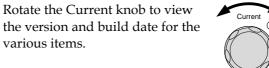
turn off.

 \bigcirc

View System Version and Build Date

Background		The F-89 configuration setting allows you to view the PSW version number, build date, keyboard version, analog-control version, kernel build, test command version, test command build date, and the USB driver version.
Steps	1.	Press the Function key. The Function Function key will light up.
	2.	The display should show F- 01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom. \square
	3.	Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-89 (Show Version).
	4.	Rotate the Current knob to view

various items.



	 F-89 O-XX: PSW Main Program Version 1-XX: PSW Main Program Version 2-XX: PSW Main Program Build On- Year. 3-XX: PSW Main Program Build On- Year. 4-XX: PSW Main Program Build On- Month. 5-XX: PSW Main Program Build On- Day. 6-XX: Keyboard CPLD version. 7-XX: Keyboard CPLD version. 8-XX: Analog CPLD version. 8-XX: Analog CPLD version. 9-XX: Analog CPLD version. 8-XX: Reserved. B-XX: Reserved. B-XX: Reserved. C-XX: Kernel Build On-Year. D-XX: Kernel Build On-Year. E-XX: Kernel Build On-Day. G-XX: Test Command Version. I-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. J-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. K-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. K-XX: Test Command Build On-Month. L-XX: Test Command Build On-Day. M-XX: USB Driver version (Major). N-XX: USB Driver version (Minor).
	5. Press the Function key again to exit. The function key light will turn off.
Example	Main Program Version: Vt1.50, 2014/08-03
	0-t1: PSW Main Program Version 1-50: PSW Main Program Version 2-20: PSW Main Program Build On-Year. 3-14: PSW Main Program Build On-Year. 4-01: PSW Main Program Build On-Month. 5-13: PSW Main Program Build On-Day.

Example	Keyboard CPLD Version: 0x030c
	6-03: Keyboard CPLD Version.
	7-0c: Keyboard CPLD Version.
Example	Analog CPLD Version: 0x0427
	8-04: Analog CPLD Version.
	9-27: Analog CPLD Version.
Example	Kernel Version: 2013/03/22
	C-20: Kernel Build On-Year.
	D-13: Kernel Build On-Year.
	E-03: Kernel Build On-Month.
	F-22: Kernel Build On-Day.
Example	Test Command Version: V01:00, 2011/08/01
	G-01: Test Command Version.
	H-00: Test Command Version.
	I-20: Test Command Build On-Year.
	J-11: Test Command Build On-Year.
	K-08: Test Command Build On-Month.
	L-01: Test Command Build On-Day.
Example	USB Driver Version: V02.01:
	M-02: USB Driver Version (Major release). N-01: USB Driver Version (Minor release).

Basic Operation

This section describes the basic operations required to operate the power supply.

- Setting OVP/OCP \rightarrow from page 57
- C.V. mode \rightarrow from page 59
- C.C. mode \rightarrow from page 63
- Display modes \rightarrow page 66
- Panel lock \rightarrow page 67
- Remote sensing \rightarrow from page 68

Before operating the power supply, please see the Getting Started chapter, page 9.

Setting OVP/OCP Levels

Background	For most models the OVP level has a selectable range of approximately* 10% to 110% of the rated output voltage. Likewise the OCP level for most models has a selectable range of approximately* 10%~ 110% of the rated output current. The OVP and OCP level is set to the maximum by default. The OCP level can also be turned off.
	*Note that the <i>actual</i> setting range differs for each model.
	When one of the protection measures are on, ALM is shown on the panel display. By default, the power switch will turn off when any of the protection levels are tripped.



Before setting the OVP or OCP level:

- Ensure the load is not connected.
- Ensure the output is set to off.

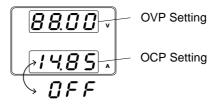
Setting Ranges					
PSW (360W)	30-36	80-13.5	160-7.2	250-4.5	800-1.44
OVP Range (V)	3-33	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
OCP Range (A)	3.6-39.6	1.35-14.85	0.72-7.92	0.45-4.95	0.144-1.584
PSW (720W)	30-72	80-27	160-14.4	250-9	800-2.88
OVP Range (V)	3-33	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
OCP Range (A)	5-79.2	2.7-29.7	1.44-15.84	0.9-9.9	0.288-3.168
PSW (1080W)	30-108	80-40.5	160-21.6	250-13.5	800-4.32
OVP Range (V)	3-33	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
OCP Range (A)	5-118.8	4.05-44.55	2.16-23.76	1.35-14.85	0.432-4.752
		1	1		1

Steps

1. Press the OVP/OCP key. The OVP/OCP key lights up.



2. The OVP setting will be displayed on the top and the OCP setting (or OFF) will be displayed on the bottom.



OVP Level	3.	Use the Voltage knob to set the OVP level.	Voltage ()
OCP Level	4.	Use the Current knob to set the OCP level, or to turn OCP off.	Current ()
	5.	Press OVP/OCP again to exit. The OVP/OCP indicator will turn off.	OVP/OCP
Power switch trip		Set F-95 (Power switch trip) to 1 (to disable the power switch trip) or to 0 (to enable the power switch trip) and save.	-
		F-95 1 (Disable) or 0 (Enable)	
Clear OVP/OCP protection		The OVP or OCP protection can be cleared after it has been tripped by holding the OVP/OCP button for 2 seconds. (Only applicable when the power switch trip setting is disabled [F-95 = 1])	OVP/OCP (hold)

Set to C.V. Mode

When setting the power supply to constant voltage mode, a current limit must also be set to determine the crossover point. When the current exceeds the crossover point, the mode switches to C.C. mode. For details about C.V. operation, see page 22. C.C. and C.V. mode have two selectable slew rates: High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority will use the fastest slew rate for the instrument while Slew Rate Priority will use a user-configured slew rate.

Background	Before setting the power supply to C.V. mode, ensure:The output is off.The load is connected.
Steps	. Press the Function key. The Function Function key will light up.
	 The display should show F-01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.
	8. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-03 (V-I Mode Slew Rate Select).
	 Use the Current knob to set the F- 03 setting. Set F-03 to 0 (CV High Speed Priority) or 2 (CV Slew Rate Priority).
	F-03 0 = CV High Speed Priority 2 = CV Slew Rate Priority
	 F - O B Lon F

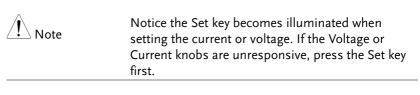
 If CV Slew Rate Priority was chosen as the operating mode, repeat steps 3~5 to set F-04 (Rising Voltage Slew Rate) and the F-05 (Falling Voltage Slew Rate) and save.

F-04 / F-05 0.1V/s~60V/s (PSW 30-XX) 0.1V/s~160V/s (PSW 80-XX) 0.1V/s~320V/s (PSW 160-XX) 0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX) 1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)

- 7. Press the Function key again to exit Function the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.
- 8. Use the Current knob to set the current limit (crossover point).
- 9. Use the Voltage knob to set the voltage.



Current



10. Press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.



CV and the Power Bar will become illuminated (top left & center)

 Note
 Only the voltage level can be altered when the output is on. The current level can only be changed by pressing the Set key.

For more information on the Normal Function Settings (F-00 \sim F-61, F-88 \sim F-89) see page 105.

Set to C.C. Mode

When setting the power supply to constant current mode, a voltage limit must also be set to determine the crossover point. When the voltage exceeds the crossover point, the mode switches to C.V. mode. For details about C.C. operation, see page 22. C.C. and C.V. mode have two selectable slew rates: High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority will use the fastest slew rate for the instrument while Slew Rate Priority will use a user-configured slew rate.

Background		Before setting the power supply toC.C. mode, ensure:The output is off.The load is connected.
Steps	1.	Press the Function key. The Function Function key will light up.
	2.	The display should show F- 01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.
	3.	Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-03 (V-I Mode Slew Rate Select).
	4.	Use the Current knob to set the F-
		Set F-03 to 1 (CC High Speed Priority) or 3 (CC Slew Rate Priority) and save.

- F-03 1 = CC High Speed Priority 3 = CC Slew Rate Priority
- 5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.





6. If CC Slew Rate Priority was chosen as the operating mode, set F-06 (Rising Current Slew Rate) and F-07 (Falling Current Slew Rate) and save.

7. Press the Function key again to exit Function the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.

8.	Use the Voltage knob to set the	
	voltage limit (crossover point).	

9. Use the Current knob to set the current.





Note	Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage. If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.
	first.

10. Press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.





CC and the Power Bar will become illuminated (bottom left & center)

Note	Only the current level can be altered when the output is on. The voltage level can only be changed by pressing the Set key.
	by pressing the Set key.

For more information on the Normal Function Settings (F-00 ~ F-61, F-88~F-89) see page 105.

Display Modes

The PSW power supplies allow you to view the output in three different modes: voltage and current, voltage and power or current and power.

Steps	1. Press the PWR/DSPL key. The PWR DSPL key lights up.PWR DSPL
	 The display changes to voltage and power (V/W).
	 To switch between displaying A/W and V/W, simply press the corresponding Voltage or Current knob.
	For example: when in A/W mode, press the Voltage knob to display V/W. Conversely when in V/W mode, press the Current knob to display A/W.
	S.O.O. Voltage S.v S.v Current I.O.O.
	• When V/W is displayed, the Voltage knob can still be used to change the voltage level.
	• When A/W is displayed, the Current knob can still be used to change the current level.
Exit	Press the PWR/DSPL key again to PWR DSPL

return to normal display mode.

The PWR DSPL light will turn off.

 \bigcirc

Panel Lock

The panel lock feature prevents settings from being changed accidentally. When activated, the Lock/Local key will become illuminated and all keys and knobs except the Lock/Local key and Output key (if active) will be disabled.

If the instrument is remotely controlled via the USB/LAN interface, the panel lock is automatically enabled.

Activate the panel lock	Press the Lock/Local key to active the panel lock. The key will become illuminated.	Lock/Local
Disable the panel lock	Hold the Lock/Local key for ~3 seconds to disable the panel lock. The Lock/Local light turns off.	Lock/Local

Remote Sense

Remote sense is used to compensate for the voltage drop seen across load cables due to the resistance inherent in the load cables. The remote sense terminals are connected to the load terminals to determine the voltage drop across the load cables.

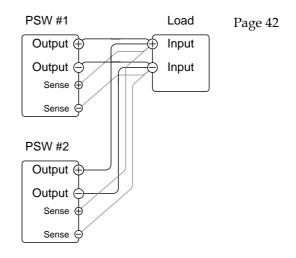
Remote sense can compensate up to 0.6 volts for 30V/80V/160V models and 1V for 250V/800V models (compensation voltage). Load cables should be chosen with a voltage drop less than the compensation voltage.

		Ensure the output is off before connecting any sense cables.			
		Use sense cable the isolation vo			
		Never connect on. Electric sho could result.	-		•
Note		Be sure to remo units are not us		•	ng plates so the
Single Load	1.	. Connect the Sense+ terminal to the positive potential of the load. Connect the Sense-terminal to the negative potential of the load.			e Sense-
		PSW Output Output Sense		Load Input Input	Page 42

Sense 🤆

Units

- 2. Operate the instrument as normal. Page 57 See the Basic Operation chapter for details.
- 1. Connect the Sense+ terminals to the positive Parallel PSW potential of the load. Connect the Senseterminals to the negative potential of the load.



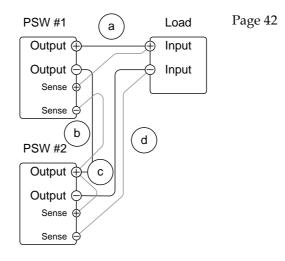
2. Operate the instrument as normal. Page 73 See the Parallel Operation chapter for details.

Serial PSW Units 1. a. Connect the 1st Sense+ terminal to the positive potential of the load.

b. Connect the 1st Sense- terminal to the positive output terminal of the second PSW unit.

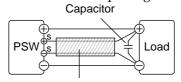
c. Connect the 2nd Sense+ terminal to the positive terminal of the second PSW unit.

d. Connect the 2nd Sense- terminal to negative terminal of the load.



 Operate the instrument as normal. Page 81 See the Serial Operation chapter for details. Wire Shielding and Load line impedance To help to minimize the oscillation due to the inductance and capacitance of the load cables, use an electrolytic capacitor in parallel with the load terminals.

To minimize the effect of load line impedance use twisted wire pairing.



Twisted pair

Parallel / Series Operation

This section describes the basic operations required to operate the power supply in series or parallel. Operating the PSW series in parallel increases the total power output of the power supply units. When used in series, the total output voltage of the power supplies can be increased.

The number of the power supplies that can be connected in series or parallel depends on the model and the mode:

• Series Mode: 2 units maximum; 30V, 80V and 160V models only.

Parallel Mode: 3 units maximum



250V and 800V models do not support series operation!

To use the power supplies in series or parallel, units must be used in a Master-Slave configuration. In the master-slave configuration a "master" power supply controls any other connected "slave" power supplies.

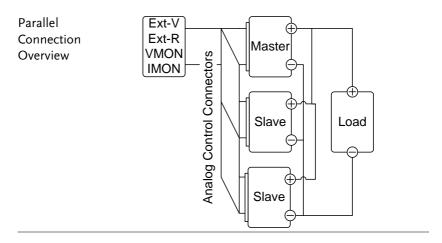
- Master-Slave Parallel overview \rightarrow from page 73
- Parallel connection \rightarrow from page 76
- Parallel operation \rightarrow from page 79
- Master-Slave Series overview \rightarrow page 81
- Series connection \rightarrow page 83
- Series operation \rightarrow from page 85

Before operating the power supply, please see the Getting Started chapter, page 9.

Master-Slave Parallel Overview

Background When connecting the PSW power supplies in parallel, up to 3 units can be used in parallel and all units must be of the same model. The Analog Control Connector is used as the interface for parallel the connections.

> When the units are used in parallel, a number of precautions and limitations apply. Please read this overview before operating the power supplies in parallel.



Limitations

Display

• Only the master unit will display the voltage and current.

OVP/ OCP

- The master unit can shut down slave units when OVP/OCP is tripped on the master unit (if the slave connector is wired for shut down on alarm).
- OVP/OCP can be independently tripped on each slave unit, however the shutdown of the power or output of the unit is disabled. Only the alarm will be enabled.

Remote monitoring

- Voltage monitoring (VMON) and current monitoring (IMON) are only supported on the master unit.
- The IMON current represents the total current of the all the parallelized units.

Remote Sense

• Please see the remote sense chapter for details, page 68.

External Voltage and Resistance Control

- Voltage/Resistance controlled remote control can only be used with the master unit.
- The full scale current (in parallel) is equivalent to the maximum external voltage or resistance.

Internal Resistance

- For 2 units in parallel, the internal resistance is actually half of the setting value.
- For 3 units in parallel, the internal resistance is actually a third of the setting value.

Output Output

	bleeder set	r unit is use tings. The t nits are alw	oleeder resis	stors in all
	Model	Single unit	2 units	3 units
Voltage/	PSW 30-36	30V	30V	30V
Current		36A	72A	108A
	PSW 80-13.5	80V	80V	80V
		13.5A	27A	40.5A
	PSW 160-7.2	160V	160V	160V
		7.2A	14.4A	21.6A
	PSW 250-4.5	250V	250V	250V
		4.5A	9A	13.5A
	PSW 800-1.44	800V	800∨	800V

tage/	PSW 30-36	30V	30V	30V
rrent		36A	72A	108A
	PSW 80-13.5	80V	80V	80V
		13.5A	27A	40.5A
	PSW 160-7.2	160V	160V	160V
		7.2A	14.4A	21.6A
	PSW 250-4.5	250V	250V	250V
		4.5A	9A	13.5A
	PSW 800-1.44	800V	800V	800V
		1.44A	2.88A	4.32A
	PSW 30-72	30V	30V	30V
		72A	144A	216A
	PSW 80-27	80V	80V	80V
		27A	54A	81A
	PSW 160-14.4	160V	160V	160V
		14.4A	28.8A	43.2A
	PSW 250-9	250V	250V	250V
		9A	18A	27A
	PSW 800-2.88	800V	800V	800V
		2.88A	5.76A	8.64A
	PSW 30-108	30V	30V	30V
		108A	216A	324A
	PSW 80-40.5	80V	80V	80V
		40.5A	81A	121.5A
	PSW 160-21.6	160V	160V	160V
		21.6A	43.2A	64.8A
	PSW 250-13.5	250V	250V	250V
		13.5A	27A	40.5A
	PSW 800-4.32	800V	800V	800V

4.32A

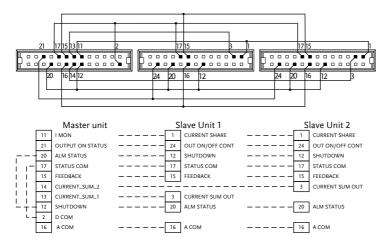
8.64A

12.96A

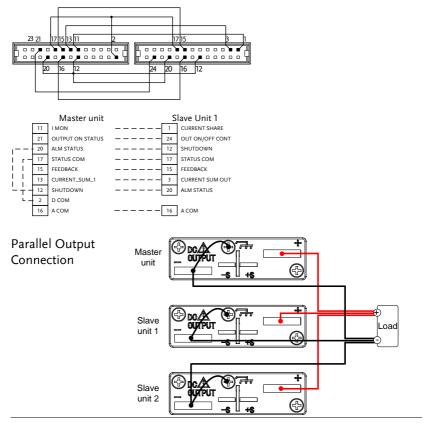
Master-Slave Parallel Connection

Master-Slave Connector	The Analog Control Connector is used for both serial and parallel connections. The way the connector is configured determines the behavior of the master and slave units. For the complete connector pin assignment, see page 120.
Analog Connector Connection	To operate the power supplies in parallel, connect the analog connectors on the master and slave units as shown in the diagrams below.
	Alternatively pre-configured cables (optional) can be used. The PSW-006 is used for two units in parallel. The PSW-007 is used for 3 units in parallel.

Master with 2 slave units:



Master with 1 slave unit:



- Steps 1. Ensure the power is off on all power supplies.
 - 2. Choose a master and a slave unit(s).
 - 3. Connect the analog connectors for the master and slave unit as shown above.
 - 4. Remove the Output Terminal Page 44 covers and the protection dummy plug from the analog control connector.

5.	Connect shown at		er and slav	e unit iı	1 para	llel as
6.	Reattach	the termi	inal covers		Page	44
	– .1				_	

Ensure the load cables have sufficient Page 41Notecurrent capacity.

Re-attach the Protection dummy plug when not in use.

Master-Slave Parallel Operation

Master-Slave Configuration		Before using the power supplies in master and slave units need to be c	-
Steps	1.	Configure the OVP and OCP settings for the master unit.	Page 57
	2.	For each unit, hold the Function key while turning the power on to enter the power on configuration settings.	
3.	3.	Configure F-93 (Master/Slave) setting for each master/slave unit.	Page 117
		Unit	F-93
		Master (with 1 slave in parallel)	1
		Master (with 2 slaves in parallel)	2
		Slave unit (parallel slave)	3
	4.	Cycle the power on the units (reset	the power).
Note		Configuration settings can be checked for both the master and slave units by pressing the Function key and checking F-93. Only the Master OVP and OCP level is used for over voltage and current protection. Slave OVP and OCP level is disregarded.	
		OTP works independently for each un	iit.

Master-Slave Only operate the power supplies in parallel if Operation the units are configured correctly.

> 1. Turn on the master and slave units. The slave unit(s) will show a blank display.





- 2. Operation of all units is controlled Page 57. via the master unit. Operation of the master unit is the same as for a single unit. See the Basic Operation chapter.
- 3. Press the Output key to begin.



Caution	Only operate the power supplies in parallel if using units of the same model number.
	Only a maximum of 3 units can be used in parallel.
Note	The panel controls are disabled on slave units, including the output key. On slave units only the Function key can be used to view the current settings.

Master-Slave Series Overview

Background	When connecting PSW power supplies in series, up to 2 units* can be used in series and all units must be of the same model. The Analog Control Connector is used as the interface for serial connections.		
	When the units are used in series, a number of precautions and limitations apply. Please read this overview before operating the power supplies in series.		
	*250V and 800V models do not support series operation!		
Series Connection Overview	Ext-V Ext-R VMON IMON		

Limitations

Display

- Only the master unit will display the current.
- Master and slave units display the voltage. The total voltage is the sum of the units.

OVP/OCP

- The master unit can shut down the slave unit when OVP/OCP is tripped on the master unit (if the slave connector is wired for shut down on alarm).
- OVP and OCP level is determined by the master OVP and OCP level. The OVP and OCP level on the slave unit is ignored.

Remote monitoring

- Voltage monitoring (VMON) and current monitoring (IMON) are only supported on the master unit.
- The VMON voltage represents the total voltage of the all the serialized units.

Remote Sense

• Please see the remote sense chapter for details, page 68.

External Voltage and Resistance Control

- Voltage/Resistance controlled remote control can only be used with the master unit.
- The full scale voltage (in series) is equivalent to the maximum external voltage or resistance.

Slew Rate

• The actual slew rate is double that of the setting slew rate. I.e., A slew rate setting of 60.00V/s is actually 120V/s when in series.

Internal Resistance

• The internal resistance is actually twice that of the setting value.

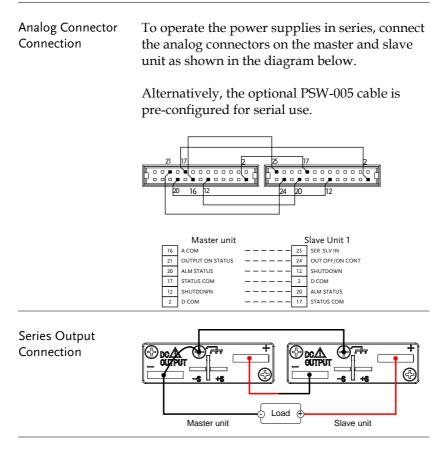
Bleeder Control	
-----------------	--

• The Master unit is used to control the bleeder settings. The bleeder resistor is always turned on for the slave unit in series mode.

	motion		
	Model	Single unit	2 units
Output Voltage/	PSW 30-36	30V	60V
Output Current		36A	36A
	PSW 80-13.5	80V	160V
		13.5	13.5A
	PSW 160-7.2	160V	320V
		7.2A	7.2A
	PSW 30-72	30V	60V
		72A	72A
	PSW 80-27	80V	160V
		27A	27A
	PSW 160-14.4	160V	320V
		14.4A	14.4A
	PSW 30-108	30V	60V
		108A	108A
	PSW 80-40.5	80V	160V
		40.5A	40.5A
	PSW 160-21.6	160V	320V
		21.6A	21.6A

Master-Slave Series Connection

Master-Slave	The Analog Control Connector is used for both
Connector	serial and parallel connections. The way the
	connector is configured determines the
	behavior of the master and slave units. For the
	connector pin assignment, see page 120.



Steps 1. Ensure the power is off on both power supplies.

- 2. Choose a master and slave unit.
- 3. Connect the analog connectors for the master and slave unit as shown above.
- 4. Remove the output terminal cover Page 44 and the protection dummy plug from the analog control connector.

5.	Connect the master and slave unit in series as shown above.	
6	Reattach the terminal cover.	Page 44
Note Note	Ensure load cables have sufficient current capacity.	Page 41
	Re-attach the protection dummy plug when not in use.	

Master-Slave Series Operation

Master-Slave Configuration	Before using the power supplies in series, the master and slave units need to be configured.		
	Configure the OVP and OCP settings for the master unit.	Page 57	
	For each unit, hold the Function key while turning the power on to enter the power on configuration settings.		
3	Configure F-93 (Master/Slave) setting for each master/slave unit	Page 117	
	Unit	F-93	
	Master (local or series operation)	0	
	Slave unit (series)	4	
	Cycle the power on the units (rese	t the power).	

Note		Configuration settings can be checked for both the master and slave units by pressing the Function key.	
Master-Slave Operation		Only operate the power supplies in series if the units are configured correctly.	
	1.	Turn on the master and unit will only show the both units while the ma the combined voltage a units.	combined voltage of aster unit will show both
		Master unit	Slave unit
		5.00 × 1.00 ×	5.00 ·
	2.	Operation of all units is via the master unit. Op the master unit is the sa single unit. Please see t operation chapter for d	eration of ame as for a he basic
	3.	Press the Output key to	o begin. Output
		Only operate the power s units of the same model models do not support s	
		Only a maximum of 2 un	its can be used in series.
<u> </u>		The panel controls are di	isabled on slave units,

Test Scripts

This section describes how to use the Test function to run, load and save test scripts for automated testing. The Test function is useful if you want to perform a number of tests automatically. The PSW test function can store ten test scripts in memory.

Each test script is programmed in a scripting language. For more information on how to create test scripts, please contact GW Instek.

- Test Script File Format \rightarrow from page 88
- Test Script Settings \rightarrow from page 88
- Setting the Test Script Settings \rightarrow from page 89
- Load Test Script \rightarrow from page 90
- Run Test Script (Manually) \rightarrow from page 92
- Run Test Script (Automatically at startup) \rightarrow from page 94
- Export Test Script \rightarrow from page 95
- Remove Test Script \rightarrow from page 96
- Check the Available Memory Capacity \rightarrow from page 97

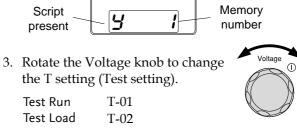
Test Script File Format

Background	The test files are	e saved in *.tst file format.
	Each file is save save file numbe	d as tXXX.tst, where XXX is the r 001~010.
Test Script Settin	gs	
Test Run	Runs the chosen test script from the internal memory. A script must first be loaded into the internal memory before it can be run. See the test function Test Save, below.	
	The script will r started. T-01	un as soon as the test function is
	1-01	1~10
Test Load	designated save	pt from the USB drive to the slot in memory. A script must nto internal memory before it
	T-02	1~10 (USB→PSW)
Test Export	save slot to the	
	T-03	1~10 (PSW→USB)
Test Remove	internal memory	·
	T-04	1~10
Test Memory		ount of internal memory that is unit in kilobytes (1024 bytes). Max: 1848 KB

Steps

Setting the Test Script Settings

	The test script settings (T-01~T-04) are set with the Test key.
1.	Press the Test key. The Test key will light up.
2.	The display will show T-01 on the top and the memory no. for T-01 on the bottom. The bottom of the screen will also indicate whether the memory no. has a script loaded, "y" (yes) or "n" (no).
	Script not Memory present I Number
	E - D I Test Setting



1-02	
T-03	
T-04	
T-05	
	T-03 T-04

4. Rotate the Current knob to choose a memory number.

Range 1~10

5. Press the Voltage knob to complete the setting.





Exit	Press the Test key again to exit the Test settings. The Test key light will turn off.	Test
	Will turn off.	

Load Test Script from USB

Overview	Before a test script can be run, it must first be loaded into a one of the 10 memory save slots. Before loading a test script into memory:	
	• Ensure the script file is placed in the root directory.	
	• Ensure the file name number corresponds to the memory number that you wish to save to.	
	For example: A test file named t001.tst can only be saved to memory number 01, t002.tst can only be saved to memory number 02, and so on.	
Steps 1.	Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot. Ensure the flash drive contains a test script in the root directory.	

2. Turn on the power. MS (Mass Storage) will be displayed on the screen after a few seconds if the USB drive is recognized.



Note	If the USB drive is not recognized, check to see that the function settings for F-20 = 1 (page 110). If not, reinsert the USB flash drive.

3. Configure T-02 (Test Load) to 1~10 Page 89 (save memory slot)

T-02 range 1~10 (t001 ~t010)

4. The script will now be available in the memory slot the script was saved to.



Error messages: If you load a file that is not present on the USB drive "Err 002" will be displayed on the display.

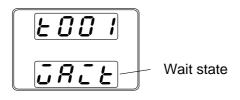
Run Test Script (Manual)

Overview		A test script can be run from one of ten memory slots.
Steps	1.	Before a test script can be run, it Page 90 must first be loaded into one of the 10 memory save slots.
	2.	Configure T-01 (Run Test) to 1~10 Page 89 (save memory slot#)
		T-01 range 1~10
	3.	The loading screen will appear. For example if memory slot #1 is loaded, the following screen will appear.
		LoRd
<u>Note</u>		If the script is very small, the loading screen may not appear on the screen for very long.
		When the "t00X Load" screen is shown on the display, pushing the TEST key will abort the loading procedure.

Output

 \bigcirc

4. If there are no errors during loading, the script engine will enter the wait state. The wait state indicates that the unit is ready to execute the script.



- 5. To execute the script, press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.
 - When the script is executing, the measurement results will display as normal.
 - The Test LED will flash.

When a script is running, press the Output key
again to return the script engine to the wait state.

Note When a script is running, press the Test key to abort the execution of the script and return to normal operating mode. The Test LED will led turn off after the script has been aborted.

Note

Error messages: If you try to run a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.

Err

Run Test Script (Automatically at Startup)

Overview		The power supply can be configured to automatically run a test script at startup.	
Steps	1.	Before a test script can be run, it Page 90 must first be loaded into one of the 10 memory save slots.	
	2.	Turn the unit off.	
	3.	Enter the power-on configuration Page 117 settings and set F-92 (Power-ON Output) to run the desired test script.	
		Range T001~T010*	
	4.	The selected test script will automatically start to run the next time the unit is powered on.	
Note		*Setting F-92 to 0 or 1 will disable loading a test script at startup. 0 will turn the output off at startup. 1 will turn the output on at startup. See the power on configuration settings for details, page 113.	
Note		When a script is running, press the Output key to pause the script. To resume the script, press the Output key again.	

Export Test Script to USB

Overview	The Export Test function saves a test file to the root directory of a USB flash drive.		
	• Files will be saved as tXXX.tst where XXX is the memory number 001~010 from which the test script was exported from.		
	• Files of the same name on the USB flash drive will be written over.		
Steps 1	I. Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot.		
2	2. Turn on the power. MS (Mass Storage) will be displayed on the screen after a few seconds if the USB drive is recognized.		
Note	If the USB drive is not recognized, check to see that the function settings for F-20 = 1 (page 110). If not, reinsert the USB flash drive.		
3	 Configure T-03 (Test Export) to Page 89 0~10 (save memory slot) 		
	T-03 range 1~10		
	 The script will now be copied to the USB flash drive. 		

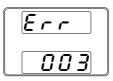


Error messages: If you try to export a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.



Remove Test Script

Overview	The Remove Test function will delete a test script from the internal memory.
Steps	 Select T-04 (Test Remove) and Page 89 choose which test script to remove from the internal memory.
	T-04 range 1~10
	2. The test script will be removed from the internal memory.
Note	Error messages: If you try to remove a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.



Checking the Available Memory

Overview	The T-05 function displays the amount of internal memory that is left on the unit to load test scripts. The displayed units are in kilobytes (1024 bytes).	
Steps	Select T-05 (Test Memory). The available memory in kilobytes is displayed. T-05 range 1~1848 KB	Page 89

CONFIGURATION

Configuration	99
Configuration Table	
Normal Function Settings	
USB/GPIB Settings	
LAN Settings	
System Settings	
Power On Configuration Settings	
Calibration	

Configuration

Configuration of the PSW power supplies is divided into five different configuration settings: Normal Function, USB/GPIB/RS232, LAN, Power ON Configuration, Calibration Settings and System Settings. Power ON Configuration differs from the other settings in that the settings used with Power ON Configuration settings can only be set during power up. The other configuration settings can be changed when the unit is already on. This prevents some important configuration parameters from being changed inadvertently. Power On Configuration settings are numbered F-90 to F-95 and the other configuration settings are numbered F-00 to F-61, F-71 to F-74 and F-88 to F-89.

Configuration Table

Please use the configuration settings listed below when applying the configuration settings.

Normal Function		
Settings	Setting	Setting Range
Output ON delay time	F-01	0.00s~99.99s
Output OFF delay time	F-02	0.00s~99.99s
V-I mode slew rate select	F-03	0 = CV high speed priority 1 = CC high speed priority 2 = CV slew rate priority 3 = CC slew rate priority
Rising voltage slew rate	F-04	0.01V/s~60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX) 0.1V/s~160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX) 0.1V/s~320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX) 0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX) 1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)
Falling voltage slew rate	F-05	0.01V/s~60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX) 0.1V/s~160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX) 0.1V/s~320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX) 0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX) 1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)

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Rising current slew rate	F-06	0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~41.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6) 0.001A/s ~ 9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s ~ 18.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s ~ 27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 0.001A/s ~ 5.760A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 0.001A/s ~ 8.640A/s (PSW 800-4.32)
Falling current slew rate	F-07	0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6) 0.001A/s ~ 9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s ~ 18.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.01A/s ~ 27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 0.001A/s ~ 5.760A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 0.001A/s ~ 8.640A/s (PSW 800-4.32)

G≝INSTEK

Internal resistance setting	F-08	$\begin{array}{c} 0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega \ (\text{PSW 30-36}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.417\Omega \ (\text{PSW 30-72}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.278\Omega \ (\text{PSW 30-108}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-13.5}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 2.963\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-27}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 1.975\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-40.5}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 2.2222\Omega \ (\text{PSW 160-7.2}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 11.111\Omega \ (\text{PSW 160-14.4}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 7.407\Omega \ (\text{PSW 160-21.6}) \\ 0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega \ (\text{PSW 250-4.5}) \\ 0.00\Omega \sim 18.51\Omega \ (\text{PSW 250-13.5}) \\ 0.0\Omega \sim 277.8\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-2.88}) \\ 0.0\Omega \sim 185.1\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-4.32}) \\ \end{array}$	
Bleeder circuit control	F-09	0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO	
Buzzer ON/OFF control	F-10	0 = OFF, 1 = ON	
Measurement Average Setting	F-17	0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High	
Lock Mode	F-19	0 = Panel lock: allow output off 1 = Panel lock: allow output on/off	
USB/GPIB/RS232 settings			
Front panel USB State	F-20	0 = Absent, 1 = Mass Storage	
Rear panel USB State	F-21	0 = Absent, 2 = USB-CDC, 3 = GPIB- USB adapter, 5 = RS232-USB adapter	
Rear panel USB mode	F-22	0 = Disable, 1 = USB Host, 2 = Auto detect speed, 3 = Full speed only	
GPIB address	F-23	0~30	
LAN settings			
MAC Address-1	F-30	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-2	F-31	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-3	F-32	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-4	F-33	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-5	F-34	0x00~0xFF	
MAC Address-6	F-35	0x00~0xFF	
LAN	F-36	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable	
DHCP	F-37	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable	
IP Address-1	F-39	0~255	
IP Address-2	F-40	0~255	

IP Address-3	F-41	0~255
IP Address-4	F-42	0~255
Subnet Mask-1	F-43	0~255
Subnet Mask-2	F-44	0~255
Subnet Mask-3	F-45	0~255
Subnet Mask-4	F-46	0~255
Gateway-1	F-47	0~255
Gateway-2	F-48	0~255
Gateway-3	F-49	0~255
Gateway-4	F-50	0~255
DNS address -1	F-51	0~255
DNS address -2	F-52	0~255
DNS address-3	F-53	0~255
DNS address-4	F-54	0~255
Sockets active	F-57	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web Server active	F-59	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web password active	F-60	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web setting password	F-61	0000~9999
UART Settings**		
		0 = 1200, 1 = 2400, 2 = 4800, 3 =
UART Baud Rate	F-71	9600, 4 = 19200, 5 = 38400, 6 =
		57600, 7 = 115200
UART Data Bits	F-72	0 = 7 bits, 1 = 8 bits
UART Parity	F-73	0 = None, 1 = Odd, 2 = Even
UART Stop Bit	F-74	0 = 1 bit, 1 = 2 bits
System Settings		
Factory Set Value	F-88	0 = No effect
	1-00	1 = Return to factory settings

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Show Version	F-89	0, 1 = PSW version 2, 3 = PSW build year 4, 5 = PSW build month/day 6, 7 = Keyboard CPLD version 8, 9 = Analog-Control CPLD version A, B = Reserved C, D = Kernel build year E, F = Kernel build month/day G, H = Test command build year K, L = Test command build year K, L = Test command build month/day M, N = USB Driver version.	
Power On Configuration	Settings*		
CV Control	F-90	$0 = Panel \text{ control (local)}$ $1 = \text{External voltage control}$ $2 = \text{External resistance control}$ $(\text{Ext-R} \swarrow 10 \text{k} \Omega = \text{Vo, max})$ $3 = \text{External resistance control}$ $(\text{Ext-R} \bigtriangleup 10 \text{k} \Omega = 0)$	
CC Control	F-91	0 = Panel control (local) 1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control $(Ext-R \swarrow 10k\Omega = lo,max)$ 3 = External resistance control $(Ext-R \bigtriangleup 10k\Omega = 0)$	
Power-ON Output	F-92	0 = OFF at startup 1 = ON at startup T001 ~ T010 = Run test script TXX at start up	
Master/Slave	F-93	0 = Master/Local 1 = Master/Parallel1 2 = Master/Parallel2 3 = Slave/Parallel 4 = Slave/Series (Only 30V, 80V, 160V models)	
External Out Logic	F-94	0 = High ON, 1 = Low ON	
Power Switch trip	F-95	0 = Enable , 1 = Disable	
Calibration Settings*			
Calibration	F-00	0000 ~ 9999	

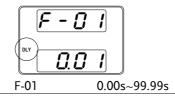
Note *	Power On and Calibration settings can only be set during power up.
/ ** Note	GUR-001 is only available from firmware version 1.78.

Normal Function Settings

Output ON Delay	Delays turning the output on for a designated
Time	amount of time. The Delay indicator will light
	when the Delay time is not 0.

Note: The Output ON Delay Time setting has a maximum deviation (error) of 20ms.

The Output ON Delay Time setting is disabled when the output is set to external control.



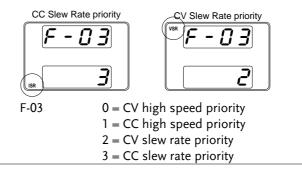
Output OFFDelays turning the output off for a designatedDelay Timeamount of time. The Delay indicator will light
when the Delay time is not 0.

Note: The Output OFF Delay Time setting has a maximum deviation (error) of 20ms.

The Output OFF Delay Time setting is disabled when the output is set to external control.

V-I Mode Selects High Speed Priority or Slew Rate Priority for CV or CC mode. The voltage or current slew rate can only be edited if CC/CV Slew Rate Priority is selected. The ISR indicator will be lit for CC Slew Rate Priority and the VSR indicator will be lit for CV Slew Rate Priority.

Note: CC and CV Slew Rate Priority mode are disabled when voltage/current output is set to external control.



Rising Voltage Slew Rate	Sets the rising voltage slew rate. Only applicable if V-I Mode is set to CV Slew Rate Priority.	
	F-04	0.01V/s~60V/s (PSW 30-XX) 0.1V/s~160V/s (PSW 80-XX) 0.1V/s~320V/s (PSW 160-XX) 0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX) 1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)

Falling Voltage Slew Rate	Sets the falling voltage slew rate. Only applicable if V-I Mode is set to CV Slew Rate Priority.		
	F-05	0.01V/s~60V/s (PSW 30-XX)	
		0.1V/s~160V/s (PSW 80-XX)	
		0.1V/s~320V/s (PSW 160-XX)	
		0.1V/s~500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)	
		1V/s~1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)	
		<i>i</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Rising Current	Sets the rising current slew rate. Only		
Slew Rate	applicable	e if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate	
	Priority.		
	F-06	0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)	
		0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72)	
		0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108)	
		0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5)	
		0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27)	
		0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5)	
		0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2)	
		0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4)	
		0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6)	
		0.001A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5)	
		0.01A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-9)	
		0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5)	
		0.001A/s~2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)	
		0.001A/s~5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88)	
		0.001A/s~8.640A/s (PSW 800-4.32)	

Falling Current Slew Rate	Sets the falling current slew rate. Only applicable if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority.		
	F-07	0.01A/s~72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)	
		0.1A/s~144.0A/s (PSW 30-72)	
		0.1A/s~216.0A/s (PSW 30-108)	
		0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5)	
		0.01A/s~54.00A/s (PSW 80-27)	
		0.01A/s~81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5)	
		0.01A/s~14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2)	
		0.01A/s~28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4)	
		0.01A/s~43.20A/s (PSW 160-21.6)	
		0.001A/s~9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5)	
		0.01A/s~18.00A/s (PSW 250-9)	
		0.01A/s~27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5)	
		0.001A/s~2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)	
		0.001A/s~5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88)	
		0.001A/s~8.640A/s (PSW 800-4.32)	
Internal	Sets the in	nternal resistance of the power supply.	
Resistance	F-08	0.000Ω ~0.833Ω (PSW 30-36)	
Settings		0.000Ω ~0.417Ω (PSW 30-72)	
		0.000Ω ~0.278Ω (PSW 30-108)	
		0.000Ω ~5.926Ω (PSW 80-13.5)	
		0.000Ω ~2.963Ω (PSW 80-27)	
		0.000Ω ~1.975Ω (PSW 80-40.5)	
		0.000Ω ~22.222Ω (PSW 160-7.2)	
		0.000Ω ~11.111Ω (PSW 160-14.4)	
		0.000Ω ~7.407Ω (PSW 160-21.6)	
		$0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5)	
		0.00Ω ~ 27.77Ω (PSW 250-9)	
		0.00Ω ~ 18.51Ω (PSW 250-13.5)	
		0.0Ω ~ 555.5Ω (PSW 800-1.44)	
		0.0Ω ~ 277.8Ω (PSW 800-2.88)	
		0.0Ω ~ 185.1Ω (PSW 800-4.32)	

Bleeder Control	Bleeder contro resistor. <u>Wher</u> is automatical <u>turned on and</u> power is turne details.	<u>n set to AU'</u> <u>ly turned c</u> l turned off	TO the b on when the when the the	leeder resistor the output is he output or
	Caution	OFF or s bleeder when the	When Bleeder Control is turned OFF or set to AUTO, the bleeder resistor is turned off when the power or output is turned off.	
	The AUTO set firmware vers			ble to
	The following table shows how the state of the bleeder resistor depends on the Bleeder Control settings, the power state and the output state.			
		Bleeder Cont		
	F-09	0 = OFF	1 = 01	
			eder resis	
	Output ON	OFF	ON	ON
	Output OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
	Power OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
	F-09	0 = OFF, 1 =	= ON, 2 =	AUTO
Buzzer ON/OFF	associated wit sounds.	h alarm so	unds and	The buzzer is l keypad entry
	F-10	0 = OFF, 1 =	= ON	
Measurement Average Setting	Determines th average settin		moothin	g for the
	Only available	e for firmw	are versi	on 1.5 or

above.

F-17 0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High

Lock Mode		Determines the behavior of the Output key when the panel lock is on.	
	Only availab above.	le for firmware version 1.54 or	
	F-19	0 = Panel lock: allow output off, 1 = Panel lock: allow output on/off	

USB/GPIB Settings

Front Panel USB State	1 2	front panel USB-A port state. This configurable. 0 = Absent, 1 = Mass Storage
Rear Panel USB State	1 2	rear panel USB-B port state. This configurable. 0 = Absent, 2 = USB-CDC, 3 = GPIB-USB adapter
Rear Panel USB Mode	Note: Option can be used t speed when the operating	panel USB mode. a #3, USB CDC Full Speed Only, to reduce the data transmission there are sources of interference in g environment. This option is only firmware version 1.42 and above. 0 = Disable, 1 = USB Host, 2 = Auto detect speed, 3 = Full speed only
GPIB Address	Sets the GPII F-23	3 address. 0~30

LAN Settings

MAC Address- 1~6	Displays the not configur F-30~F-35	MAC address 1~6. This setting is able. 0x00~0xFF
LAN	Turns Ethern F-36	net on or off. 0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
DHCP	Turns DHCI F-37	P on or off. 0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
IP Address-1~4	Sets the default IP address. IP address 1~4 splits the IP address into four sections. (F-39 : F-40 : F-41 : F-42) (0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255)	
Subnet Mask 1~4	Sets the subnet mask. The subnet mask is split into four parts. (F-43 : F-44 : F-45: F-46) (0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255)	
Gateway 1~4	Sets the gateway address. The gateway address is split into 4 parts. (F-47 : F-48 : F-49 : F-50) (0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255)	
DNS Address 1~4	Sets the DNS address. The DNS address is split into 4 parts. (F-51 : F-52 : F-53 : F-54) (0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255)	
Sockets active	Enables Web F-57	oSocket connections. 0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web server active	Turns Web s F-59	erver control on/off. 0 = Disable, 1 = Enable

Web Password active	Turns a web password on/off.	
active	F-60	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web Password	Sets the Web F-61	password. 0000 ~ 9999
System Settings		
Factory Set Value		PSW to the factory default settings. for a list of the default settings. 0 = Disable, 1 = Return to factory default settings.
Show Version	keyboard ver	 PSW version number, build date, rsion, analog-control version, test command version and test tild date. 0, 1 = PSW version 2, 3 = PSW build year 4, 5 = PSW build month/day 6, 7 = Keyboard CPLD version 8, 9 = Analog-Control CPLD version A, B = Reserved C, D = Kernel build year E, F = Kernel build month/day G, H = Test command version I, J = Test command build year K, L = Test command build month/day M, N = USB Driver version

Power On Configuration Settings

CV Control	between loca control. For e 122 (External Output) and	tant voltage (CV) control mode 1 and external voltage/resistance external voltage control, see page 1 Voltage Control of Voltage page 127 (External Resistance oltage Output). 0= Panel control (local) 1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = Vo,max) 3 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = 0)
CC Control	between loca control. For c see page 125 Current Outp	tant current (CC) control mode 1 and external voltage/resistance details on external voltage control, (External Voltage Control of put) and 129 (External Resistance urrent Output). 0= Panel control (local) 1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = lo,max) 3 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = 0)
Power-ON Output	Configures the power supply to do one of the following at startup: keep the output off, turn the output on, or load a test script.F-92 $0 = OFF$ at startup $1 = ON$ at startup T001 ~ T010 = Run test script TXX at start up	

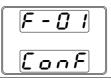
Master/Slave	Sets the power supply as master or slave. See the parallel/series operation for details, page 72.	
	F-93	0 = Master/Local 1 = Master/Parallel1 2 = Master/Parallel2 3 = Slave/Parallel 4 = Slave/Series (Only for 30V, 80V, 160V models)
External Out	Sets the exter	rnal logic as active high or low.
Logic	F-94	0= High ON, 1 = Low ON
Power Switch Trip	-	wer off if enabled when the ttings are tripped. 1 = Disable, 0 = Enable
Calibration		
Programmable Calibration	The calibration password is used to access the local mode calibration or other special functions. The password used determines which function is accessed. Please see your distributor for details. F-00 0000 ~ 9999	

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Setting Normal Function Settings

	 The normal function settings (F-01~F-61, F-88~F-89) can be easily configured with the Function key. Ensure the load is not connected. Ensure the output is off.
Note	Function setting F-89 (Show Version) can only be viewed, not edited.
	Configuration settings F-90~F-95 cannot be edited in the Normal Function Settings. Use the Power On Configuration Settings. See page 117 for details.
Steps	1. Press the Function key. The function key will light up.Function
	 2. The display will show F-01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.
	 3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting. Range F-00~ F-61, F-88~F-89
	4. Use the Current knob to set the parameter for the chosen F setting.

5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.



	Voltage
R	>
H	$ \longrightarrow $
Ų	

Exit Press the Function key again to exit Function the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.

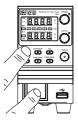
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Steps

Setting Power On Configuration Settings

Background The Power On configuration settings can only be changed during power up to prevent the configuration settings being inadvertently changed.

- Ensure the load is not connected.
- Ensure the power supply is off.
- 1. Hold the Function key whilst turning the power on.
- 2. The display will show F-90 on the top and the configuration setting for F-90 on the bottom.





3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting.

Range F-90~ F-95

- Voltage
- 4. Use the Current knob to set the parameter for the chosen F setting.



5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.





Exit Cycle the power to save and exit the configuration settings.

ANALOG CONTROL

The Analog Control chapter describes how to control the voltage or current output using an external voltage or resistance, monitor the voltage or current output as well as remotely turning off the output or shutting down the power supply.

Analog Remote Control Overview	120
Analog Control Connector Overview	
External Voltage Control of Voltage Output	
External Voltage Control of Current Output	
External Resistance Control of Voltage Output	
External Resistance Control of Current Output	
External Control of Output	
External control of Shutdown	
Remote Monitoring	136
External Voltage and Current Monitoring	
External Operation and Status Monitoring	

Analog Remote Control Overview

The PSW power supply series have a number of analog control options. The Analog Control connectors are used to control output voltage and current using external voltage or resistance. The power supply output and power switch can also be controlled using external switches.

- Analog Control connector overview \rightarrow from page 120
- External voltage control of voltage output \rightarrow from page 122
- External voltage control of current output \rightarrow from page 125
- External resistance control of voltage output \rightarrow from page 127
- External resistance control of current output \rightarrow from page 129
- External control of output \rightarrow from page 131
- External control of the power switch \rightarrow from page 134

Analog Control Connector Overview

Overview	The Analog Control Connector is a standard Mil 26 pin connector (OMRON XG4 IDC plug). The connector is used for all analog remote control. The pins used determine what remote control mode is used.
	To prevent electric shock, ensure that the cover for the Analog Control Connector is used when the connector is not in use.
Pin Assignment	
Pin name	Pin number Description
Current Share	1 Used when operating 2 or more units in parallel.

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ANALOG CONTROL

D COM	2	Connected to the (–S) sense- terminal when remote sense is used. Connected to the negative output terminal when remote sense is not used.
CURRENT SUM OUT	3	Current sum output signal when used in parallel mode.
EXT-V CV CONT	4	External voltage control of the voltage output. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-V CC CONT	5	External voltage control of the current output. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument
EXT-R CV CONT PIN1	6	External resistance control of the voltage output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-R CV CONT PIN2	7	External resistance control of the voltage output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-R CC CONT PIN1	8	External resistance control of the current output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-R CC CONT PIN2	9	External resistance control of the current output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
V MON	10	Voltage Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale voltage (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).
IMON	11	Current Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale current (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).
SHUTDOWN	12	The shut down signal will turn off the output or power when a low TTL signal is applied. The shutdown signal is pulled up to 5V with a $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.
CURRENT_SUM_ 1	13	Master unit current sum input signal from first slave CURRENT SUM OUTPUT. Used in parallel mode only.
CURRENT_SUM_ 2	14	Master unit current sum input signal from second slave CURRENT SUM OUTPUT. Used in parallel mode only.
FEEDBACK	15	Parallel control signal during master-slave parallel operation.

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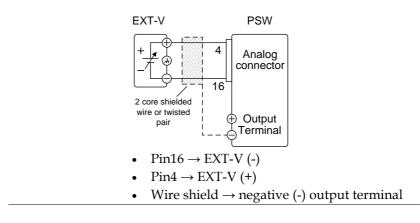
A COM	16 Analog signal common. Connected to the sense- terminal when remote sense is used. Connected to the negative output terminal when remote sense is not used.
STATUS COM	17 Common for status signals 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.
CV STATUS	18 Turns on when CV mode is active. (photo coupled open collector output)
CC STATUS	19 Turns on when CC mode is active. (photo coupled open collector output)
ALM STATUS	20 Turns on when any of the protection modes are tripped (OVP, OCP) or if a shutdown signal is input. (photo coupled open collector output)
OUTPUT ON STATUS	21 Turns on when the output has been turned on. (photo coupled open collector output)
POWER OFF STATUS	22 Turns on when the power switch is turned off.
N.C.	23 Not connected
OUT ON/OFF	24 Turns the output on/off when (default setting) a
CONT	low TTL signal is applied. Internally, the circuit is pulled up to +5V with $10k\Omega$ resistance.
SER SLV IN	25 Series slave input during master-slave series operation. (30V/80V/160V models only)
N.C.	26 Not connected

External Voltage Control of Voltage Output

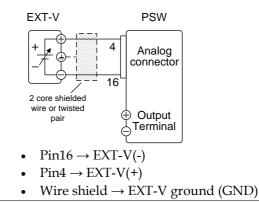
Background External voltage control of the voltage output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale voltage of the instrument, where:

Output voltage = full scale voltage × (external voltage/10)

Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the MIL connectors, use shielded or twisted paired wiring.



Connection- alt. If the wire shield needs to be grounded at the voltage source (EXT-V), then the shield cannot also be grounded at the negative (-) terminal output of the PSW power supply. This would short the output.



Panel operation 1. Connect the external voltage according to the connection diagrams above.

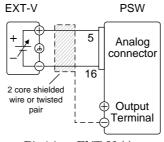
	2.	 Set the F-90 power on Page 12 configuration setting to 1 (CV control - Ext voltage). Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set. 	
	3.	Press the Function key and confirm Function the new configuration settings (F- 90=1).	ו)
	4.	Press the Output key. The voltage output can now be controlled with the External voltage.)
Note		The input impedance for external voltage contract 10 k Ω .	rol is
		Use a stable voltage supply for the external vol control.	tage
Note		CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for N mode (F-03) when using external voltage contr See the normal function settings on page 105.	
		Ensure no more than 10.5 volts are input into external voltage input.	the
		Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.	

External Voltage Control of Current Output

Background External voltage control of the current output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale current of the instrument, where:

Output current = full scale current × (external voltage/10)

Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the MIL connectors, use shielded or twisted paired wiring.



- $Pin16 \rightarrow EXT-V(-)$
- $Pin5 \rightarrow EXT-V(+)$
- Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal

Connection- alt. shielding	If the wire shield needs to be grounded at the voltage source (EXT-V), then the shield cannot also be grounded at the negative (-) terminal output of the PSW power supply. This would short the output.
	EXT-V PSW
	Analog connector 2 core shielded
	wire or twisted pair
	• Pin16 \rightarrow EXT-V (-) • Pin5 \rightarrow EXT-V (+) • Wire shield \rightarrow EXT-V ground (GND)
Steps	. Connect the external voltage according to the connection diagrams above.
	 2. Set the F-91 power on Page 117 configuration setting to 1 (CC control – Ext voltage). Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.
3	 B. Press the Function key and confirm Function the new configuration settings (F- 91=1).
	A. Press the Output key. The current can now be controlled with the External voltage.

Note	The input impedance for external voltage control is 10k Ω .
	Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control.
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external voltage control. See the normal function settings on page 105.
	Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.
	Ensure no more than 10.5 volts are input into the external voltage input.
External Resista	ance Control of Voltage Output
Background	External resistance control of the voltage output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage of the instrument.
	The output voltage (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance going up (Ext-R \bowtie) 0k Ω ~10k Ω (10k Ω = Vo,max) or down (Ext-R \bigcirc) 10k Ω ~0k Ω (10k Ω = 0).
	For $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$: Output voltage = full scale voltage × (external resistance/10)
	For $10k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega$: Output voltage = full scale voltage × ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	 The Ext-R configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentally disconnected, the voltage output will drop to zero. Under similar circumstances using Ext-R , an unexpected high voltage would be output. If switches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continuous resistance switches.
Connection	EXT-R PSW Analog connector 2 core shielded pair Output Terminal • Pin6 \rightarrow EXT-R • Pin7 \rightarrow EXT-R • Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal
	 Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above. Set the F-90 (CV Control) Page 117 configuration settings to 2 for Ext-R ∠ or 3 for Ext-R ∧. Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.
3	. Press the Function key and confirm Function the new configuration settings (F- 90=2 or 3).

Output

 \bigcirc

4. Press the Output key. The voltage can now be controlled with the External resistance.

Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.

When choosing an external resistor ensure the resistor can withstand a high degree of heat.



CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external resistance control. See the normal function settings on page 105.

External Resistance Control of Current Output

Background	External resistance control of the current output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A resistance of $0k\Omega$ ~10k Ω is used to control the full scale current of the instrument.
	The output current (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance going up (Ext-R $$) 0k Ω ~10k Ω (10k Ω = Vo,max) or down (Ext-R $$) 10k Ω ~0k Ω (10k Ω = 0).
	For $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$: Output current = full scale current × (external resistance/10)
	For $10k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega$: Output current = full scale current \times ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	The Ext-R configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentally disconnected, the current output will drop to zero. Under similar circumstances using Ext-R , an unexpected high current would be output. If switches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continuous resistance switches.
Connection	EXT-R PSW
Connection	Analog Analog connector 2 core shielded $pair$ $Querter Wisted Querter Pair Pin9 \rightarrow EXT-R Querter Pair Pin9 \rightarrow EXT-R$
	• $Pin8 \rightarrow EXT-R$
	• Wire shield → negative (-) output terminal
Steps 1.	Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above.
1.	 Set the F-91 (CC Control) Page 117 configuration settings to 2 for Ext-R or 3 for Ext-R . Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.
2.	Press the Function key and confirm Function the new configuration settings (F- 91=2 or 3).

	3. Press the Output key. The current can now be controlled with the External resistance.
Note	Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used. When choosing an external resistor ensure the resistor can withstand a high degree of heat.
^	
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external resistance control. See the normal function settings on page 105.

External Control of Output

Background	The output can be turned on or off externally using a switch. The analog control connector can be set to turn the output on from a high or low signal. The voltage across pins 2 and 24 are internally pulled to $+5V \pm 5\%$ @ 500uA with 10k Ω pull-up resistor. A short (closed switch) produces a low signal.
	When set to High = On, the output is turned on when the pins 2-24 are open.
	When Low = On, the output is turned on when pins 2-24 are shorted.

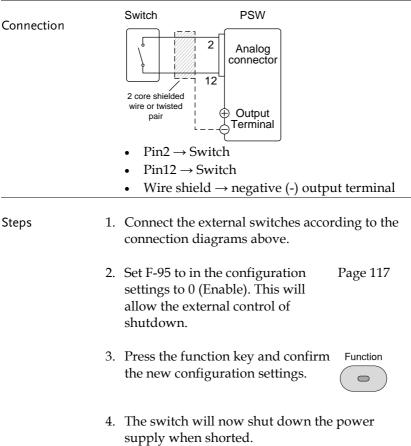
Connection	• Pin2 \rightarrow Switch	-
Steps	connection diagra Set F-94 (Externa the power on con settings to 0 (Hig (Low = On).	l output logic) in Page 117 Afiguration A = On) or 1 e the power after ver on
:	2. Press the Function the new configura	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
:	3. The switch is now off.	ready to set the output on or

Note	When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay. Switch Relay Line extention 24 Analog connector	
	If a single switch control is to be used for multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.	
Warning	Ensure the cables used and the switch exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.	
Note	Messages: If F-94 = 0 (High = on) and the pin 24 is low (0) "MSG 001" will be displayed on the display. If F-94 = 1 (Low = on) and the pin 24 is high (1) "MSG 002" will be displayed on the display.	
	Output off (High=on) Output off (Low=on)	
Note	Output ON/OFF Delay Time (F-01, F-02) are disabled when the output is set to external control.	

See the normal function settings on 105 for details.

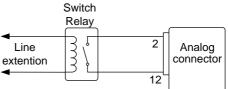
External control of Shutdown

BackgroundThe output of the power supplies can be
configured to shut down via an external switch.
The ability to externally shut down the power
supply must first be enabled in the power on
configuration settings. The voltage across pins 2
and 12 are internally pulled to +5V ±5% @
500uA with 10kΩ pull-up resistor.





When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay.



If a single switch control is to be used for multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.



Ensure the cables and switch used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.

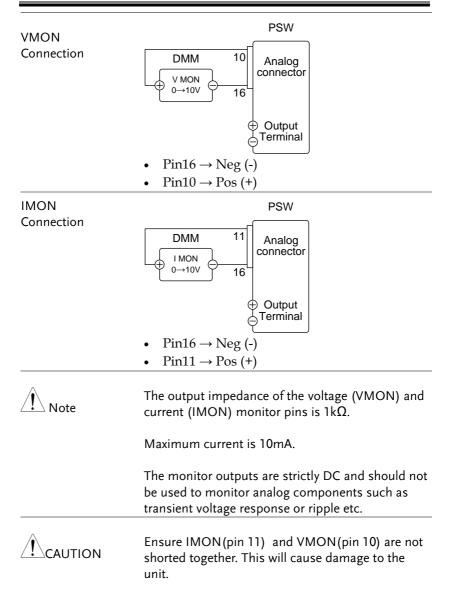
Remote Monitoring

The PSW power supplies have remote monitoring support for current and voltage output. They also support monitoring of operation and alarm status.

- External monitoring of output voltage and current → from page 136
- External monitoring of operation mode and alarm status → from page 138

External Voltage and Current Monitoring

Background	The MIL 26 pin connector is used to monitor the current (IMON) or voltage (VMON) output.
	 An output of 0~10V represents the voltage or current output of 0~ rated current/voltage output. IMON = (current output/full scale) × 10 VMON = (voltage output/full scale) × 10
	External voltage and current monitoring doesn't need to be enabled in the configuration settings.

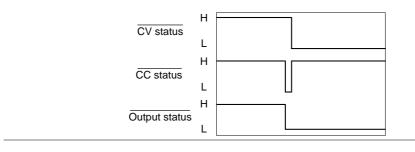


External Operation and Status Monitoring

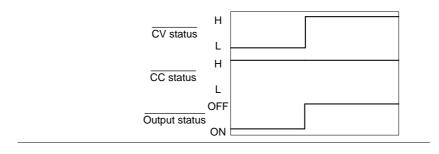
Background	The MIL 26 pin connector can also be used to monitor the status operation and alarm status of the instrument.			
	The pins are isolated from the power supply internal circuitry by photo couplers. Status Com (Pin 17) is a photo coupler emitter output, whilst pins 18~22 are photo coupler collector outputs.			
	A maximum of 30V and 8mA can be applied to each pin.			
	Name and Pin		Description	
	STATUS COM	17	Common (photo coupler emitter) for status signals 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.	
	CV STATUS	18	Low when CV mode is active.	
	CC STATUS	19	Low when CC mode is active.	
	ALM STATUS	20	Low when any of the protection modes are tripped (OVP, OCP). Active low.	
	OUT ON STATUS	21	Low when the output is on.	
	PWR OFF STATUS	22	Active low.	
			9 Pins 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 -17	

Timing diagrams	Below are 4 example timing diagrams covering a number fo scenarios. Note that pins 18~22 are all active low.

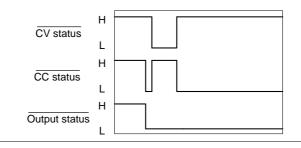
CV MODE: The diagram below shows the timing diagram Output turned on when the output is turned on when the PSW is set to CV mode.



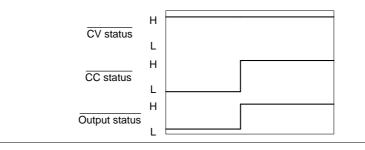
CV MODE:The diagram below shows the output statusOutput turned offlines when the output is turned off in CV mode.



CC MODE: Output turned on The diagram below shows the timing diagram when the output is turned on when the PSW is set to CC mode.



CC MODE: Output turned off The diagram below shows the output status lines when the output is turned off in CC mode.



COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the programming manual, downloadable from GW Instek website, www.gwinstek.com

Interface Configuration	142
USB Remote Interface	142
Configure GPIB Interface	142
Configure Ethernet Connection	144
Web Server Configuration	144
Sockets Server Configuration	145
USB Remote Control Function Check	146
Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection	147
Web Server Remote Control Function Check	

Interface Configuration

USB Remote Interface

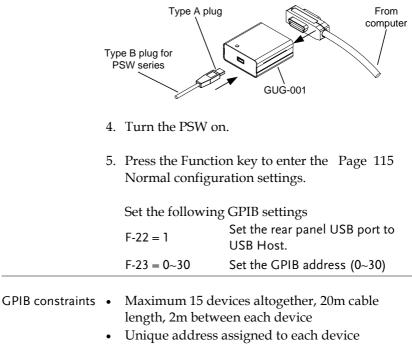
USB configuration		PC side connector	Type A, host	
		PSW side connector	Rear panel Type B,	slave
		Speed	1.1/2.0 (full speed/	high speed)
		USB Class	CDC (communication class)	ons device
Steps	1.	Connect the USB cable to the rear panel USB B port.		
	2	Change the Re	ar nanel-USB (E-22)	Page 115

2. Change the Rear panel-USB (F-22) Page 115 setting to USB-CDC (2).

Configure GPIB Interface

To use GPIB, the optional GPIB to USB (GUG-001) adapter must be used. Only one GPIB address can be used at a time.

Configure GPIB	1. Ensure the PSW is off before proceeding.
	2. Connect the USB cable from the rear panel USB B port on the PSW to the USB A port on the GPIB to USB adapter.
	3. Connect a GPIB cable from a GPIB controller to the GPIB port on the adapter.



- At least 2/3 of the devices turned On
- No loop or parallel connection

Configure Ethernet Connection

The Ethernet interface can be configured for a number of different applications. Ethernet can be configured for basic remote control or monitoring using a web server or it can be configured as a socket server.

The PSW series supports both DHCP connections so the instrument can be automatically connected to an existing network or alternatively, network settings can be manually configured.

Ethernet configuration Parameters	For details on how to configure the Ethernet settings, please see the configuration chapter on page 111.		
	MAC Address (display only)	LAN	
	DHCP	IP Address	
	Subnet Mask	Gateway	
	DNS Address	Sockets Active	
	Web Server Active	Web Password Active	
	Web set password	0000~9999 (default 0000)	
Web Server Configu	uration		
Configuration	This configuration example will configure the PSW as a web server and use DHCP to automatically assign an IP address to the PSW.		
 Connect an Ethernet cable fro network to the rear panel Ethe port. 			

	2.		ction key to enter the Page 115 guration settings.
		Set the follow F-36 = 1 F-37 = 1 F-59 = 1	ring LAN settings: Enable LAN Turn DHCP to enable Turn the web server on
Note		It may be necessary to cycle the power or refresh the web browser to connect to a network.	
Sockets Server	Con	figuration	
Configuration		This configur PSW socket s	ation example will configure the erver.
		manually ass enable the so	g configuration settings will ign the PSW an IP address and cket server. By default, the socket umber is 2268 and cannot be
	1.		thernet cable from the LAN e rear panel Ethernet
	2.		ction key to enter the Page 115 guration settings.
		Set the follow F-36 = 1 F-37 = 0 F-39 = 172 F-40 = 16 F-41 = 5 F-42 = 133 F-43 = 255 F-44 = 255	ring LAN settings: Enable LAN Disable DHCP IP Address part 1 of 4 IP Address part 2 of 4 IP Address part 3 of 4 IP Address part 4 of 4 Subnet Mask part 1 of 4

F-45 = 128	Subnet Mask part 3 of 4
F-46 = 0	Subnet Mask part 4 of 4
F-47 = 172	Gateway part 1 of 4
F-48 = 16	Gateway part 2 of 4
F-49 = 21	Gateway part 3 of 4
F-50 = 101	Gateway part 4 of 4
F-51 = 172	DNS Address 1 of 4
F-52 = 16	DNS Address 2 of 4
F-53 = 1	DNS Address 3 of 4
F-54 = 252	DNS Address 4 of 4
F-57 = 1	Enable Sockets

Note Note

The socket function is only available for firmware version V1.12 or above. See page 112 to check your firmware version number.

USB Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check	Invoke a terminal application such as Realterm. The PSW will appear as a COM port on the PC.		
	To check the COM port No, see the Device Manager in the PC. For WinXP; Control panel \rightarrow System \rightarrow Hardware tab.		
Note	If you are not familiar with using a terminal application to send/receive remote commands via a USB connection, please page 147 (Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection) for more information.		
	Run this query command via the terminal after the instrument has been configured for USB remote control (page 142).		
	*idn?		
	This should return the Manufacturer, Model number, Serial number, and Firmware version		

	in the following format.
	GW-INSTEK,PSW-XXX-X,TW123456,01.00.20110101
	Manufacturer: GW-INSTEK
	Model number : PSW-XXX-X
	Serial number : TW123456
	Firmware version : 01.00.20110101
Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection

Background		Realterm is a terminal program that can be used to communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a PC or via an emulated serial port via USB.
		The following instructions apply to version 2.0.0.70. Even though Realterm is used as an example to establish a remote connection, any terminal program can be used that has similar functionality.
Note		Realterm can be downloaded on Sourceforge.net free of charge.
		For more information please see http://realterm.sourceforge.net/
Operation	1.	Download Realterm and install according to the instructions on the Realterm website.
	2.	Connect the PSW via USB (page 142).
	3.	Go to the Windows device manager and find

the COM port number for the connection. For example, go to the Start menu > Control Panel > Device Manager

Double click the *Ports* icon to reveal the connected serial port devices and the COM port for the each connected device.

The baud rate, stop bit and parity settings can be viewed for the virtual COM port by rightclicking connected device and selecting the *Properties* option.



4. Start Realterm on the PC as an administrator. Click:

Start menu>All Programs>RealTerm>realterm

Tip: to run as an administrator, you can right click the Realterm icon in the Windows Start menu and select the *Run as Administrator* option.

5. After Realterm has started, click on the Port tab.

Enter the *Baud*, *Parity*, *Data bits*, *Stop bits* and *Port* number configuration for the connection.

The *Hardware Flow Control, Software Flow Control* options can be left at the default settings.

Press Open to connect to the PSW.

🔭 RealTerm:	Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70	
I •	III	•
Display Port	Capture Pins Send Echo Port 12C 12C2 In Clear Peort 19	Freeze ?
Parity None C Odd C Even C Mark C Space	Data Bits © 8 bits © 7 bits C 6 bits C 6 bits C 5 bits C 5 bits C 5 bits C 7 b	RXD (2) TXD (3) CTS (8) DCD (1) DSR (6) Ring (9) BREAK
	·	Error

6. Click on the *Send* tab.

In the *EOL* configuration, check on the +*CR* and +*LF* check boxes.

Enter the query: **idn?*

Click on Send ASCII.

RealTerm: Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70	
GW-INSTEK, PSW250-9,,01.54.201403134	
^	
Display Port Capture Pins Send Echo Port I2C I2C-2 12CMisc Misc I	
(in Sand Number) Sand ASCILLE	
	fore
Send Numbers Send Age Aft	
0 ^C LF Repeats 1 - Literal Strip Spaces +crc SMBUS	8
Dump File to Port	_
c:\temp\capture.txt	1
Bepeats 1 🗘 0	_

7. The terminal display will return the following:

GW-INSTEK, PSW-XXX-X, TW123456, 01.00.20110101

(manufacturer, model, serial number, version)

8. If Realterm fails to connect to the PSW, please check all the cables and settings and try again.

Web Server Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check	Enter the IP address of the power supply in a web browser after the instrument has been configured as a web server (page 144).	
	http:// XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	
	The web browser interface appears.	
<u>∕</u> ! Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.	

Socket Server Function Check

Background	To test the socket server functionality, National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer can be used. This program is available on the NI website, <u>www.ni.com</u> ., via a search for the VISA Run-time Engine page, or "downloads" at the following URL, http://www.ni.com/visa/
Requirements	Firmware: V1.12 Operating System: Windows XP, 7

Functionality check	1.	Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press:
		Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation



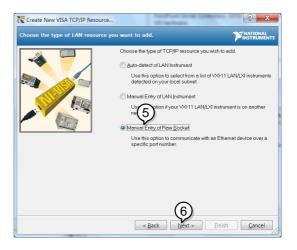
2. From the Configuration panel access;

My System>Devices and Interfaces>Network Devices

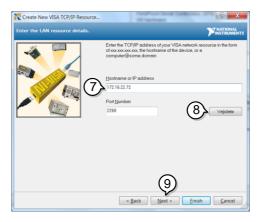
- 3. Click Create New
- 4. Select Visa TCP/IP Resource.



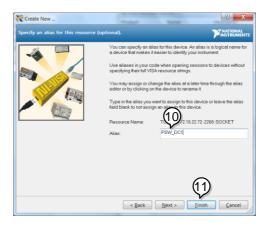
- 5. Select *Manual Entry of Raw Socket* from the popup window.
- 6. Click Next.



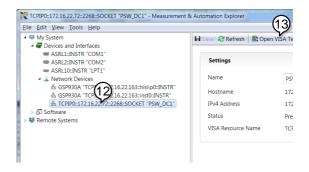
- 7. Enter the IP address and the port number of the PSW. The port number is fixed at 2268.
- 8. Click the Validate button. A popup box will appear when successful.
- 9. Click Next.



- 10. Next configure the Alias (name) of the PSW connection. In this example the Alias is: PSW_DC1
- 11. Click finish.



- 12. The IP address of the PSW will now appear under Network Devices in the configuration panel. Select this icon now.
- 13. Press Open VISA Test Panel.



- 14. Click Configuration icon.
- 15. In the *I/O Settings* tab, select the *Enable Termination Character* check box. Ensure *Line Feed* - \n is selected as the line feed character.
- 16. Click Apply Changes.



- 17. Click the Input/Output icon.
- 18. Ensure **IDN*?*n* is selected in the *Select or Enter Command* dropdown text box.
- 19. Click the *Query* button.
- 20. The *IDN? query should be returned to the buffer area: GW-INSTEK,PSW250-9,,01.54.20140313\n





For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

MAINTENANCE

The PSW power supply filters should be replaced on a periodic schedule to maintain performance and specification characteristics.

Replacing the Dust Filter 1	158	3
-----------------------------	-----	---

Replacing the Dust Filter

The dust filter should be replaced at least 2 times a year. Not replacing the filter on a regular basis will reduce performance and may cause the unit to overheat.

Front panel filter 1. Turn the instrument off. (all models)

2. Pull the filter out from the bottom of the front panel.



3. Replace the filter with GW Instek part number 57RG-30B00101.

Side panel filters (Type II & Type III)

- 1. Lift the side panel up and away from the case.
- 2. Remove the filter from the grill and replace with a new filter (GW Instek part number PSW-010).





Faq

- The power supply won't let me change the mode (C.V. mode ↔ C.C. mode).
- The OVP voltage is triggered earlier than expected.
- Can I combine more than 1 cable together for the output wiring?
- The accuracy does not match the specification.

The power supply won't let me change the mode (C.V. mode \leftrightarrow C.C. mode).

To set the power supply to CC or CV mode, the Function key must be held when the power is turned on to enter the Power On Configuration Mode. See page 117.

The OVP voltage is triggered earlier than expected.

When setting the OVP voltage, take into account the voltage drop from the load cables. As the OVP level is set from the output terminals and not the load terminals, the voltage at the load terminals may be slightly lower.

Can I combine more than 1 cable together for the output wiring?

Yes. Cables can be used together (in parallel) if the current capacity of a single cable is insufficient. However the withstand voltage should also be taken into account. Ensure the cables are twisted together and are the same length.

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The accuracy does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within $+20^{\circ}C^{+}30^{\circ}C$. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

For more information, contact your local dealer or GWInstek at www.gwinstek.com / marketing@goodwill.com.tw.



PSW Default Settings

The following default settings are the factory configuration settings for the power supply (Function settings/Test settings).

For details on how to return to the factory default settings, see page 53.

Initial Settings	Default Setting		
Output	Off		
LOCK	0 (Disable	ed)	
Voltage	0V		
Current	0A		
OVP	Maximun	1	
OCP	Maximum	1	
Normal Function			
Settings	Setting	Default Setting	
Output ON delay time	F-01	0.00s	
Output OFF delay time	F-02	0.00s	
V-I mode slew rate select	F-03	0 = CV high speed priority	
Rising voltage slew rate	F-04	60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX)	
		160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX)	
		320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX)	
		500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)	
		1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)	
Falling voltage slew rate	F-05	60.00V/s (PSW 30-XX)	
		160.0V/s (PSW 80-XX)	
		320.0V/s (PSW 160-XX)	
		500.0V/s (PSW 250-XX)	
		1600V/s (PSW 800-XX)	
		· · · ·	

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Rising current slew rate	F-07	72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 43.20A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 18.00A/s (PSW 250-9) 27.00A/s (PSW 250-9) 27.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 5.760A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 5.760A/s (PSW 800-4.32) 72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 144.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 216.0A/s (PSW 30-72) 216.0A/s (PSW 30-108) 27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 54.00A/s (PSW 80-27) 81.00A/s (PSW 80-40.5) 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 28.80A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 43.20A/s (PSW 160-14.4) 43.20A/s (PSW 250-9) 27.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 18.00A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 2.880A/s (PSW 250-13.5) 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 5.760A/s (PSW 800-1.44) 5.760A/s (PSW 800-2.88) 8.640A/s (PSW 800-2.88)
Internal resistance setting	F-08	Ω0000
Bleeder circuit control	F-09	1 = ON
Buzzer ON/OFF control	F-10	1 = ON
Measurement Average Setting	F-17	0 = Low
Lock Mode	F-19	0 = Panel lock: allow output off
USB/GPIB setting		
Rear Panel USB Mode	F-22	2 = USB CDC
GPIB address	F-23	8

F-36	1 = Enable
F-37	1 = Enable
F-57	1 = Enable
F-59	1 = Enable
F-60	1 = Enable
F-61	0000
F-90	0= Panel control (local)
F-91	0= Panel control (local)
F-92	0 = OFF at startup
F-93	0 = Master/Local
F-94	0= High ON
F-95	0 = Enable
	F-37 F-57 F-59 F-60 F-61 F-90 F-91 F-92 F-93 F-94

Error Messages & Messages

The following error messages or messages may appear on the PSW screen during operation.

Error Messages	Description
Err 001	USB Mass Storage is not present
Err 002	No (such)file in USB mass storage
Err 003	Empty memory location
Err 004	File access error
Note Note	For error messages other than Err 001 to Err 004, please contact your distributor for service repair.
Messages	Description
MSG 001	External control of output. Output off (F-94=0, High=on)
MSG 002	External control of output. Output off (F-94=1, Low=on)
MSG 003	F-93 is not zero. Unable to calibrate.
LOCK F-19	F-19 is zero. Unable to turn the output on.

LED Display Format

Use the following table to read the LED display messages.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С	D
8	1	2	3	Ч	5	8	7	8	9	8	Ь	Ľ	ď
Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	Ν	0	Р	Q	R
Ε	F	6	Н	Ĺ	IJ	2	L	ñ	n	0	ρ	9	r
						ואר אין							٦

PSW Specifications

The specifications apply when the PSW is powered on for at least 30 minutes.

PSW 360W

PSW 30-36, PSW 80-13.5, PSW 160-7.2, PSW 250-4.5, 800-1.44

M. 1.1	11.21	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW
Model Rated Output Voltage	V	30-36 30	80-13.5	160-7.2 160	250-4.5 250	800-1.44 800
· · · ·	A	36	13.5	7.2	4.5	1.44
Rated Output Current Rated Output Power	W	360	360	360	360	360
Power Ratio		300	300	3.2		3.2
i otter natio		3	3	3.Z	3.125	3.Z
Constant Voltage Mode	100 \/	18	43	83	128	403
Line Regulation (*1)	mV	20			128	405
Load Regulation (*2)	mV	20	45	85	130	405
Ripple and Noise (*3)		()	()	(0)	00	150
<u>p-p (*4)</u>	mV	60	60	60	80	150
r.m.s (*5)	mV	7	7	12	15	30
						-
Temperature coefficient	ppm			ited outpi	ut voltage	e, after a
·	/°C		n/°C of ra ute warm		ut voltage	e, after a
Remote sense compensation	/°C				ut voltage	e, after a
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire)	/°C	30 mini	ute warm	-up.		
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6)	/°C V	30 minu 0.6	ute warm 0.6	-up. 0.6	1	1
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load	/°C	30 minu 0.6 50	ute warm 0.6 50	-up. 0.6 100	1	1
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load No Load	/°C V	30 minu 0.6	ute warm 0.6	-up. 0.6	1	1
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load	/°C V ms	30 minu 0.6 50	ute warm 0.6 50	-up. 0.6 100	1	1
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load No Load	/°C V ms	30 minu 0.6 50	ute warm 0.6 50	-up. 0.6 100	1	1
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load No Load Fall Time (*7)	/°C V ms ms	30 minu 0.6 50 50	0.6 50 50	-up. 0.6 100 100	1 100 100	1 150 150
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load No Load Fall Time (*7) Rated Load	V M ms ms ms	30 minu 0.6 50 50 50	ute warm 0.6 50 50 50	-up. 0.6 100 100 100	1 100 100 150	1 150 150 300
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load No Load Fall Time (*7) Rated Load No Load	ms ms ms	30 minu 0.6 50 50 50 500	0.6 50 50 50 50 500	-up. 0.6 100 100 100 1000	1 100 100 150 1200	1 150 150 300 2000
Remote sense compensation voltage (single wire) Rise Time (*6) Rated Load No Load Fall Time (*7) Rated Load No Load Transient response time (*8)	ms ms ms	30 minu 0.6 50 50 50 500	0.6 50 50 50 50 500	-up. 0.6 100 100 100 1000	1 100 100 150 1200	1 150 150 300 2000

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Ripple and noise						
r.m.s (*5)	mA	72	27	15	10	5
Temperature coefficient	ppm		n/°C of ra	ated outp	ut curren	t, after a
	/°C		ite warm		-	
Protection Function	'					
Over voltage protection						
(OVP)						
Setting range	V	3-33	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
Setting accuracy		± (2% c	of rated c	output vol	tage)	
Over current protection						
<u>(</u> OCP)						
Setting range	А	3.6-	1.35-	0.72-	0.45-	0.144-
	A	39.6	14.85	7.92	4.95	1.584
Setting accuracy		± (2% c	of rated c	output cur	rent)	
Over temperature protection						
<u>(OTP)</u>						
Operation		Turn the	e output	off.		
Low AC input protection						
(AC-FAIL)						
Operation		Turn the	e output	off.		
Power limit (POWER LIMIT)						
Operation			ower limi			
Value (fixed)			. 105% o	f rated ou	tput pow	er
Analog Programming and Mo	onitori					
External voltage control				earity: ±0	.5% of ra	ted
output voltage		output				
External voltage control			•	earity: ±1	% of rate	ed output
output current		current				
External resistor control				earity: ±1	.5% of ra	ted
output voltage			voltage.			
External resistor control				earity: ±1	.5% of ra	ted
output current		output	current.			
Output voltage monitor	- /					
Accuracy	%	±l	±l	±l	±2	±2
Output current monitor	.				-	-
Accuracy	%	±1	±l	±l	±2	±2
Shutdown control				t or powe		a LOW
				short-circu	uit.	
Output on/off control				elections:		.
				on using		
				rcuit, turr		
				4.5V to 5V		
				on using uit, turn t		
				V to 0.5V)		
		using a	LO w (0	v 10 0.5 V)	UI SHULL	-circuit.

CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT ON indicator	Photocoupler open collector output; Maximum voltage 30V, maximum sink current 8mA.					
Front Panel						
Display, 4 digits						
Voltage accuracy						
0.1% +	mV	20	20	100	200	400
Current accuracy						
0.1% +	mA	40	20	5	5	2
Indications		GREEN	LED's: (CV, CC, VS	SR, ISR, D	DLY, RMT,
		20, 40,	60, 80, 1	00, %W, V	V, V, A	
		RED LE	D's: ALN	Λ		
Buttons		Functio	n, OVP/	OCP, Set,	Test, Loc	:k/Local,
			SPL, Out			
Knobs		Voltage	, Current			
USB port		Туре А	USB con	nector		
Programming and Measuren	ient (L	JSB, LAN	I, GPIB)			
Output voltage programm-						
ing accuracy 0.1% +	mV	10	10	100	200	400
Output current programm-						
ing accuracy 0.1% +	mA	30	10	5	5	2
Output voltage						
programming resolution	mV	1	2	3	5	14
Output current						
programming resolution	mA	1	1	1	1	1
Output voltage measure-						
ment accuracy 0.1% +	mV	10	10	100	200	400
Output current measure-						
ment accuracy 0.1% +	mA	30	10	5	5	2
Output voltage						
measurement resolution	mV	1	2	3	5	14
Output current						
measurement resolution	mA	1	1	1	1	1
Series and Parallel Capability						
Parallel number	Units	3	3	3	3	3
Series Number	Units	2	2	2	None	None

Input Characteristics						
Nominal input rating	100Vac to 240Vac, 50Hz to 60Hz, single					
		phase				
Input voltage range		85Vac	~ 265Va	C		
Input voltage range		47Hz ~	- 63Hz			
Maximum input current						
100Vac	А	5				
200Vac	А	2.5				
Inrush current		Less th	nan 25A	•		
Maximum input power	VA	500				
Power factor						
100Vac		0.99				
200Vac		0.97				
Efficiency						
100Vac	%	77	78	79	79	80
200Vac	%	79	80	81	81	82
Hold-up time		20ms (or great	er		
Interface Capabilities						
USB						d: 1.1/2.0,
			lass: CE	C(Comn	nunicatio	ns Device
		Class)				
LAN					Address,	
						Instrument
			,	ibnet Ma		
GPIB		Optior	nal: GUC	G-001 (GI	PIB to US	B Adapter)
Environmental Conditions						
Operating temperature		0°C to				
Storage temperature		-25°C t	o 70°C			
Operating humidity		20% to	85% R	H; No co	ndensati	on
Storage humidity		90% R		s; No co	ndensatio	on

General Specifications		
Weight (main unit only)	kg	Approx. 3kg
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	71×124×350
Cooling		Forced air cooling by internal fan.
EMC		Complies with the European EMC directive
		2014/30/EU for Class A test and
		measurement products.
Safety		Complies with the European Low Voltage
		Directive 2014/35/EU and carries the CE-
<u> </u>		marking.
Withstand voltage		Between input and chassis: No
		abnormalities at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between input and output: No
		abnormalities at 3000 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between output and chassis: No
		abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for
		30V, 80V, 160V models.
		No abnormalities at 1500 Vdc for 1 minute
		for 250V, 800V models.
Insulation resistance		Between input and chassis: 500 Vdc,
		100MΩ or more
		Between input and output: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω
		or more
		Between output and chassis: 500 Vdc,
		100M Ω or more for 30V, 80V, 160V and
		250V models.
		1000Vdc, 100MΩor more for 800V models.

*1: At 85 ~ 132Vac or 170 ~ 265Vac, constant load.

*2: From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense.

*3: Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe

*4: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.

*5: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.

*6: From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

*7: From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

*8: Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.

*9: For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

PSW 720W

PSW 30-72, PSW 80-27, PSW 160-14.4, PSW 250-9,

800-2.88

		PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW
Model	Unit	30-72	80-27	160-14.4	250-9	800-2.88
Rated Output Voltage	V	30	80	160	250	800
Rated Output Current	А	72	27	14.4	9	2.88
Rated Output Power	W	720	720	720	720	720
Power Ratio		3	3	3.2	3.125	3.2
Constant Voltage Mode						
Line Regulation (*1)	тV	18	43	83	128	403
Load Regulation (*2)	тV	20	45	85	130	405
Ripple and Noise (*3)						
p-p (*4)	тV	80	80	80	100	200
r.m.s (*5)	mV	11	11	15	15	30
Temperature coefficient	ppm	100ppn	n/°C of ra	ated outpu	ıt voltage	e, after a
	/°C	30 mini	ute warm	ı-up.		
Remote sense compensation	v	0.6	0.6	0.6	1	1
voltage (single wire)	v	0.0	0.0	0.0	1	
Rise Time (*6)						
Rated Load	ms	50	50	100	100	150
No Load	ms	50	50	100	100	150
Fall Time (*7)						
Rated Load	ms	50	50	100	150	300
No Load	ms	500	500	1000	1200	2000
Transient response time (*8)	ms	1	1	2	2	2
Constant Current Mode						
Line regulation (*1)	mА	77	32	19.4	14	7.88
Load regulation (*9)	mA	77	32	19.4	14	7.88
Ripple and noise						
r.m.s (*5)	mA	144	54	30	20	10
Temperature coefficient	ppm	200ppn	n/°C of ra	ated outpu	it curren	t, after a
	inc.	20				

/°C 30 minute warm-up.

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Protection Function						
Over voltage protection						
(OVP)						
Setting range	V	3-33	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
	v			output vol		20-880
Setting accuracy		± (2%)	Jiraleu	σαιραί νοι	lage)	
Over current protection						
(OCP)	A		2.7-	1.44-		0.288-
Setting range	А	5-79.2	2.7- 29.7	1.44-	0.9-9.9	0.288- 3.168
Sotting accuracy				output cur		5.100
Setting accuracy Over temperature protection		± (2%)	Jiraleu	Julpul Cur	rent)	
(OTP) Operation		Turn th	e output	off		
i		iuni in	eouipui	011.		
Low AC input protection (AC-FAIL)						
Operation		Turna the	e output	۰ff		
Power limit (POWER LIMIT)		ium in	eoutput	011.		
· · · · · ·		Overn	owerlim	:+		
Operation Value (fixed)			ower lim	of rated ou	+	
Analog Programming and M	onitor		. 105% 0	or rated ou	itput pow	er
External voltage control	ornitor		مرممطان	nearity: ±0	50/ofre	tod
output voltage			voltage.	Tearity. ±0	0.5% 0118	lieu
External voltage control				nearity: ±1	% of rate	d output
output current		current	•	fearity: ±1	% 01 rate	αομιρμι
External resistor control			-	nearity: ±1	50/ of re	tod
output voltage			voltage.	ieanity. ±1	.5/0 0116	lieu
External resistor control				nearity: ±1	5% of ra	ted
output current			current.	icanty. ±1	.5/0 0112	lieu
Output voltage monitor		output	current.			
Accuracy	%	±l	±1	.1	±2	±2
	70	ΞI	ΞI	±l	±Ζ	±2
Output current monitor	0/	±1	±l	±l	+2	+2
Accuracy Shutdown control	%					
Shuldown control				ıt or powe short-circı		aLOw
Output on loff control				elections:	uit.	
Output on/off control				on using		0)/ to
				ircuit, turi		
				4.5V to 5V		
				on using		
				cuit, turn t		
				V to 0.5V)		
CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT	-			pen collec		
ON indicator				ge 30V, m		
On indicator		current		ge 50v, m	αλιτιμιί	JIIIN
		current	oma.			

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Front Panel						
Display, 4 digits						
Voltage accuracy						
0.1% +	тV	20	20	100	200	400
Current accuracy						
0.1% +	mA	70	40	30	10	4
Indications		GREEN	LED's: C	CV, CC, VS	SR, ISR, E	DLY, RMT,
		20, 40,	60, 80, 1	00, %W, V	V, V, A	
		RED LE	D's: ALN	1		
Buttons		Functio	n, OVP/	OCP, Set,	Test, Loo	:k/Local,
		PWR D	SPL, Out	put		
Knobs		Voltage	, Current			
USB port		Type A	USB con	nector		
Programming and Measurem	ient (L	JSB, LAN	I, GPIB)			
Output voltage programm-						
ing accuracy 0.1% +	mV	10	10	100	200	400
Output current programm-						
ing accuracy 0.1% +	mА	60	30	15	10	4
Output voltage						
programming resolution	тV	1	2	3	5	14
Output current						
programming resolution	mА	2	2	2	1	1
Output voltage measure-						
ment accuracy 0.1% +	тV	10	10	100	200	400
Output current measure-						
ment accuracy 0.1% +	mА	60	30	15	10	4
Output voltage						
measurement resolution	mV	1	2	3	5	14
Output current						
measurement resolution	mA	2	2	2	1	1
Series and Parallel Capability						
Parallel number	Units	3	3	3	3	3
Series Number	Units	2	2	2	None	None

Nominal input rating 100Vac to 240Vac, 50Hz to 60Hz, single phase Input voltage range 85Vac ~ 265Vac Input voltage range 47Hz ~ 63Hz	
Input voltage range85Vac ~ 265VacInput voltage range47Hz ~ 63Hz	
Input voltage range 47Hz ~ 63Hz	
Maximum input surrout	
Maximum input current	
100Vac A 10	
200Vac A 5	
Inrush current Less than 50A.	
Maximum input power VA 1000	
Power factor	
100Vac 0.99	
200Vac 0.97	
Efficiency	
100Vac % 77 78 79 79 80	
200Vac % 79 80 81 81 82	
Hold-up time 20ms or greater	
Interface Capabilities	
USB TypeA: Host, TypeB: Slave, Speed: 1.1/2.	
USB Class: CDC(Communications Device	ce
Class)	
LAN MAC Address, DNS IP Address, User	
Password, Gateway IP Address, Instrum	ent
IP Address, Subnet Mask	
GPIB Optional: GUG-001 (GPIB to USB Adapt	ter)
Environmental Conditions	
Operating temperature 0°C to 50°C	
- F	
Storage temperature -25°C to 70°C	
Storage temperature-25°C to 70°COperating humidity20% to 85% RH; No condensation	
Storage temperature -25°C to 70°C	

General Specifications		
Weight (main unit only)	kg	Approx. 5.3kg
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	142×124×350
Cooling		Forced air cooling by internal fan.
EMC		Complies with the European EMC directive 2014/30/EU for Class A test and
		measurement products.
Safety		Complies with the European Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU and carries the CE- marking.
Withstand voltage		Between input and chassis: No
		abnormalities at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between input and output: No
		abnormalities at 3000 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between output and chassis: No
		abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for
		30V, 80V, 160V models.
		No abnormalities at 1500 Vdc for 1 minute for 250V, 800V models.
Insulation resistance		Between input and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
		Between input and output: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
		Between output and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 30V, 80V, 160V and 250V models.
		1000Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 800V models.

*1: At 85 ~ 132Vac or 170 ~ 265Vac, constant load.

*2: From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense.

*3: Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe

*4: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.

*5: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.

*6: From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

*7: From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

*8: Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.

*9: For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

PSW 1080W

PSW 30-108, PSW 80-40.5, PSW 160-21.6, PSW 250-13.5, 800-4.32

		PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW
Model	Unit	30-108	80-40.5	160-21.6	250-13.5	800-4.32
Rated Output Voltage	V	30	80	160	250	800
Rated Output Current	А	108	40.5	21.6	13.5	4.32
Rated Output Power	W	1080	1080	1080	1080	1080
Power Ratio		3	3	3.2	3.125	3.2
Constant Voltage Mode						
Line Regulation (*1)	тV	18	43	83	128	403
Load Regulation (*2)	тV	20	45	85	130	405
Ripple and Noise (*3)						
p-p (*4)	тV	100	100	100	120	200
r.m.s (*5)	mV	14	14	20	15	30
Temperature coefficient	ppm	100ppr	n/°C of r	ated outp	ut voltage	, after a
	/°C	30 min	ute warn	n-up.		
Remote sense compensation	v	0.6	0.6	0.6	1	1
voltage (single wire)	v	0.0	0.0	0.0	I	·
Rise Time (*6)						
Rated Load	ms	50	50	100	100	150
No Load	ms	50	50	100	100	150
Fall Time (*7)						
Rated Load	ms	50	50	100	150	300
No Load	ms	500	500	1000	1200	2000
Transient response time (*8)	ms	1	1	2	2	2
Constant Current Mode						
Line regulation (*1)	mA	113	45.5	26.6	18.5	9.32
Load regulation (*9)	mA	113	45.5	26.6	18.5	9.32
Ripple and noise						
r.m.s (*5)	mA	216	81	45	30	15
Temperature coefficient	ррт	200ppr	n/°C of r	ated outp	ut current	, after a
	/°C	30 min	ute warn	n-up.		

Protection Function						
Over voltage protection						
(OVP)						
Setting range	V	3-33	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output vo	ltage)	
Over current protection						
(OCP)						
Setting range		5-	4.05-	2.16-	1.35-	0.432-
	А	118.8	44.55	23.76	14.85	4.752
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output cu	irrent)	
Over temperature protection						
<u>(</u> OTP)						
Operation		Turn th	ne outpu	t off.		
Low AC input protection						
(AC-FAIL)						
Operation		Turn th	ne outpu	t off.		
Power limit (POWER LIMIT)						
Operation		Over p	ower lin	nit.		
Value (fixed)			. 1 0 5%	of rated o	utput pov	/er
Analog Programming and M	onitori					
External voltage control				nearity: \pm	0.5% of ra	ated
output voltage			voltage			
External voltage control		Accura	cy and li	nearity: \pm	1% of rate	ed output
output current		curren				
External resistor control				nearity: \pm	1.5% of ra	ated
output voltage			voltage			
External resistor control				nearity: \pm	1.5% of ra	ated
output current		output	current.			
Output voltage monitor						
Accuracy	%	±l	±l	±l	±2	±2
Output current monitor						
Accuracy	%	±l	±l	±l	±2	±2
Shutdown control				ut or pow		i a LOW
				short-cire		
Output on/off control				selections		0) / 1 -
				t on using		
				circuit, tu		
				(4.5V to 5 t on using		
				t on using cuit, turn		
				OV to 0.5V		
CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT				open colle		
ON indicator		Moving	oupler o	age 30V, r		ui; cink
		curren		age 500, r	naxiirium	2111K
		curren	L OTTA.			

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Front Panel						
Display, 4 digits						
Voltage accuracy						
0.1% +	тV	20	20	100	200	400
Current accuracy						
0.1% +	mA	100	50	30	20	6
Indications		GREEN	LED's:	CV, CC, V	SR, ISR, D	oly, RMT,
		20, 40,	60, 80, 7	100, %W, '	W, V, A	
		RED LE	ED's: AL	M		
Buttons		Functio	on, OVP	/OCP, Set	, Test, Loc	k/Local,
		PWR D	SPL, Ou	itput		
Knobs		Voltage	e, Currer	nt		
USB port		Туре А	USB con	nnector		
Programming and Measurem	nent (L	JSB, LAI	N, GPIB)			
Output voltage programm-						
ing accuracy 0.1% +	mV	10	10	100	200	400
Output current programm-						
ing accuracy 0.1% +	mA	100	40	20	15	6
Output voltage						
programming resolution	тV	1	2	3	5	14
Output current						
programming resolution	mA	3	3	3	1	1
Output voltage measure-						
ment accuracy 0.1% +	тV	10	10	100	200	400
Output current measure-						
ment accuracy 0.1% +	mА	100	40	20	15	6
Output voltage						
measurement resolution	mV	1	2	3	5	14
Output current						
measurement resolution	mA	3	3	3	1	1
Series and Parallel Capability						
Parallel number	Units	3	3	3	3	3
Series Number	Units	2	2	2	None	None

Input Characteristics						
Nominal input rating		100Va	c to 240)Vac, 50H	z to 60Hz	z, single
		phase				
Input voltage range		85Vac	~ 265V	ас		
Input voltage range		47Hz -	~ 63Hz			
Maximum input current						
100Vac	А	15				
200Vac	А	7.5				
Inrush current		Less th	1an 75A	۸.		
Maximum input power	VA	1500				
Power factor						
100Vac		0.99				
200Vac		0.97				
Efficiency						
100Vac	%	77	78	79	79	80
200Vac	%	79	80	81	81	82
Hold-up time		20ms (or great	ter		
Interface Capabilities						
USB						d: 1.1/2.0,
			lass: Cl	DC(Comr	nunicatio	ns Device
		Class)				
LAN				,	Address,	
						Instrument
			,	ubnet Ma		
GPIB		Optior	nal: GU	G-001 (G	PIB to US	B Adapter)
Environmental Conditions		a ° a				
On avating tangge avature						
Operating temperature		0°C to				
Storage temperature		-25°C t	o 70°C			
Storage temperature Operating humidity		-25°C t 20% to	o 70°C o 85% F		ondensati	
Storage temperature		-25°C t 20% to 90% R	o 70°C o 85% F	ss; No co	ondensati	

General Specifications		
Weight (main unit only)	kg	Approx. 7.5kg
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	214×124×350
Cooling		Forced air cooling by internal fan.
EMC		Complies with the European EMC directive 2014/30/EU for Class A test and
Safati		measurement products.
Safety		Complies with the European Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU and carries the CE- marking.
Withstand voltage		Between input and chassis: No
		abnormalities at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between input and output: No
		abnormalities at 3000 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between output and chassis: No
		abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for 30V, 80V, 160V models.
		No abnormalities at 1500 Vdc for 1 minute for 250V, 800V models.
Insulation resistance		Between input and chassis: 500 Vdc, $100M\Omega$ or more
		Between input and output: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
		Between output and chassis: 500 Vdc, $100M\Omega$ or more for 30V, 80V, 160V and 250V models.
		1000Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 800V models.

*1: At 85 ~ 132Vac or 170 ~ 265Vac, constant load.

*2: From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense.

*3: Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe

*4: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.

*5: Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.

*6: From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

*7: From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

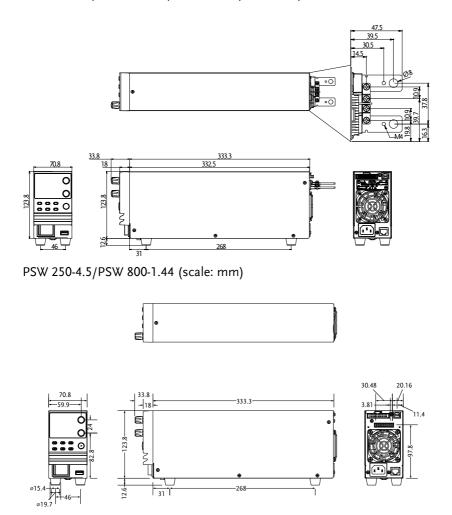
*8: Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.

*9: For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

PSW Dimensions

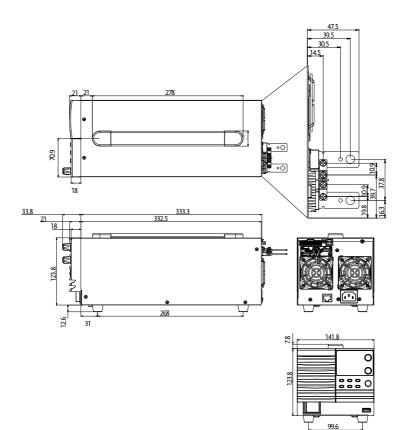
Type I

PSW 160-7.2/PSW 80-13.5/PSW 30-36 (scale: mm)



Type II

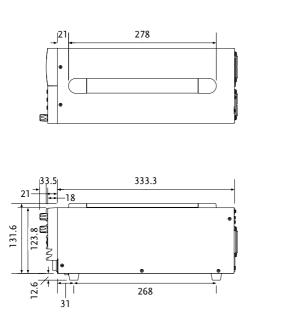
PSW 160-14.4/PSW 80-27/PSW 30-72 (scale: mm)

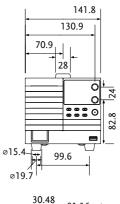


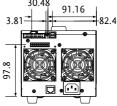
G≝INSTEK

Type II

PSW 250-9/PSW 800-2.88 (scale: mm)

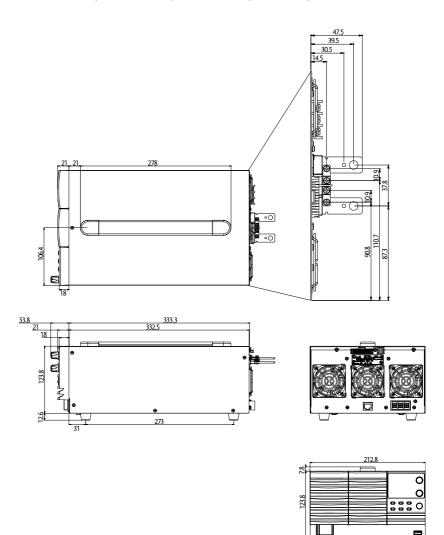






Type III

PSW 160-21.6/PSW 80-40.5/PSW 30-108 (scale: mm)

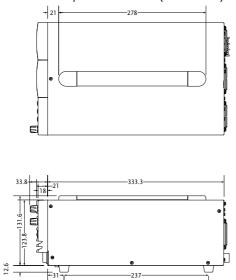


160.6

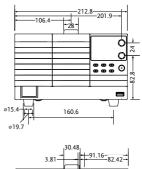
G^{^w}**IIIISTEK**

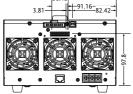
Type III

PSW 250-13.5/PSW 800-4.32 (scale: mm)



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Declaration of Conformity

We

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

declare that the below mentioned product

Type of Product: Multi-Range DC Power Supply

Model Number: PSW 30-36, PSW 80-13.5, PSW 160-7.2, PSW 30-72, PSW 80-27, PSW 160-14.4, PSW 30-108, PSW 80-40.5, PSW 160-21.6, PSW 250-4.5, PSW 800-1.44, PSW 250-9, PSW 800-2.88, PSW 250-13.5, PSW 800-4.32

are herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Law of Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU) and Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU).

For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Directive, the following standards were applied:

◎ EMC			
EN 61326-1:	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and		
EN 61326-2-1:	laboratory use	EMC requirements (2013)	
Conducted & Radi	iated Emission	Electrical Fast Transients	
EN 55011: 2009+A	1: 2010 Class A	EN 61000-4-4: 2012	
Current Harmonic	S	Surge Immunity	
EN 61000-3-2: 2014	1	EN 61000-4-5: 2014	
Voltage Fluctuations		Conducted Susceptibility	
EN 61000-3-3: 2013	3	EN 61000-4-6: 2014	
Electrostatic Discharge		Power Frequency Magnetic Field	
EN 61000-4-2: 2009		EN 61000-4-8: 2010	
Radiated Immunity		Voltage Dip/ Interruption	
	5+A1: 2008+A2: 2010	EN 61000-4-11: 2004	
Low Voltage Equi	pment Directive 2014/	35/EU	
Safety Requiremen	nts	EN 61010-1: 2010	
		EN 61010-2-030: 2010	

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